

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVI, NO. 4692

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1900.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Mother and Doctor Too

Until the doctor comes, and for minor ills and accidents, the mother must doctor her family. Tens of thousands of mothers have relied upon JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT, and have found it always reliable. It is used both externally and internally and it is the remedy for inflammation from any cause. Used continually for 90 years as a household remedy, its sustained popularity and increasing use every year are the best possible testimonials to its curative powers.



Johnson's ANODYNE LINIMENT

is of greatest value in treating colic, cramps, diarrhoea, cholera morbus, bites, bruises, burns, stings, chafing, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, bronchitis, la grippe, lameness, muscle soreness and pain and inflammation in any part of the body. Sold in two size bottles, 25c. and 50c. The larger size is more economical. If your dealer hasn't it send to us. Ask first.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

BROWN ARRAIGNED.

Held in Bonds of \$500 For His Appearance Next Thursday.

William Brown of Hampton, who was arrested in this city on Saturday and taken to Exeter by Superintendent of Police Gooch and Deputy Sheriff Scott, charged with the larceny of a yoke of oxen valued at \$160 from the pasture of Frank B. Brown of Hampton on Sept. 28, spent Sunday in a cell in the Exeter jail. He was brought before Judge Shute in police court Monday.

Attorney John Scammon, who was counsel for the state, asked for a continuance of the case on the grounds that the prosecution had had no time to get its witnesses together and that the complainant was not present in court. The continuance was granted until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock and Brown was ordered to furnish \$500 bonds for his appearance at that time, in default of which he was returned to jail.

DELAPOONS DEFEATED

Rochester Team Won Monday Evening by Score of 28 to 5.

The Delapoon club basket ball team was defeated last evening in its game with the Rochester Y. M. C. A., by a score of 28 to 5, but in spite of the size of the score rolled up against them, the Portsmouth boys played a plucky and determined game against a much heavier and more experienced team. King, Sanborn and Ricker played the best game for Rochester, while Bradford, Washburn and Bennett distinguished themselves for the Delapoons. The teams lined up as follows:

Rochester—King, lf.; Sanborn, rf.; Ricker, c.; Henderson, lg.; Yeaton, lg.; Blair, rg.

Delapoons—Bradford, lf.; Peyser, rf.; Bennett, c.; Washburn, rg.; Ayers, lg.; J. McComb, Rochester, referee; O'Leary, Portsmouth, umpire.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Items of Particular Interest to People in this Vicinity.

Representative Salloway has presented to the house the petition of Elvin Newton & Co., and sixty four other citizens of Portsmouth, praying for the establishment of a lobster hatchery at Little Harbor, N. H.

William H. Topping, clerk of the house committee on invalid pensions, of which Representative Salloway is chairman, has just returned from a visit to Manchester.

Representative Salloway was weighed the other day and tipped the scales at 266 pounds. His height is six feet, six inches. He is the giant of the house.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

Paymaster Cann is on the sick list.

The board of inspection has been assigned a new office in the general store.

The friends of Carpenter Irving Haley expect to see him ordered to duty here.

No finer body of soldiers in the country than those now stationed at the marine barracks.

Master Outside Shipfitter Brown had the big blast furnaces running on Monday and it proved an interesting sight.

John W. Leavitt has been assigned to duty as bill clerk in the department of supplies and accounts at the general store, Boston.

\$100 REWARD \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

TEA TABLE TALK.

Where is Bion Brown? His friends have received no word from him in a long time. It was supposed that he would be home before this, if only on a flying trip. If, however, the Cape Nome fields are panning out so immensely rich as is reported, it would not be at all strange if he should stay out there quite a while longer to look after his gold. When he does finally return, he ought to bring a pretty pile of the stuff.

Opposed to the general acknowledged fact that the church-going habit in this city is at a low ebb, comes the cheering statement of a prominent business man who lived in many places before locating here. I heard him declare recently that he believed a larger proportion of the population of Portsmouth attend divine worship every Sunday than was the case in any other city where he had been. "For a rough guess," he said, "I should estimate that fully one eighth of the people here make a practice of going to church. You must remember that a large percentage are not expected to go—such as the very young and the very old."

The proposal, being agitated in Manchester and Concord, to organize a New Hampshire Philharmonic chorus, to embrace singers from every part of the state, should meet with hearty favor in this city, where there are so many vocalists of merit. Our singers, male and female, would make a first-class showing, and it would be a decided stimulus to the art here.

Those people in Dover who are trying to arouse interest in a hospital there point to the manner in which our Portsmouth institution has sprung up from an almost insignificant beginning. The Dover Republican observes that the splendid Portsmouth hospital "started with only one bed and one patient," and argues that Dover can meet with like success from a small inception, if a determined effort be made.

The verdict of the jury in the Molinoux case seems to have surprised the majority of the people hereabouts. It is the general opinion among the lawyers of this city that the defense made a serious mistake in not putting in any evidence to rebut the testimony presented by the prosecution. Said one of them Monday, "If this had been done, I think it would have materially affected the jury's report."

Those buttons bearing the burnished face of Uncle Sam Paul Kruger have not yet struck Portsmouth in any noticeable numbers, although they have become quite popular in other cities. While the people here almost universally sympathize with the Boers, they seem to hesitate about displaying their preference conspicuously by buttons or badges.

The people seem very willing to contribute toward the "bracing up" of Company B, so far as it lies in their power. The boys tell me that the gallery tickets for their ball, next Friday evening, are being snapped up greedily. This alone will practically assure the financial success of the affair. It was a wise stroke of theirs to secure Lurvey's band for a concert attraction.

Kittery has another choice moral of scandal to chew now, and I guess the folks over there are making the most of it. Portsmouth, by the way, is considering a few gossiping matters of a similar sort. It is, indeed, a much duller day than the Fourth of July when the local scandal mongers can't flit from house to house as the bearers of some rumor that tears to pieces somebody's morals and reputation.

Focu.

BASKET BALL.

The manager of the Company B basket ball team has received a letter from the manager of the Company I team of Rochester, asking for a series of five games, two to be played in each of the two cities and the last one where they can draw the largest crowd. It is probable that the series will be arranged.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Delapoon basket ball team remained in Rochester over night.

ACROSS THE RIVER

Brief Notes From Kittery Gathered for Herald Readers Today.

There will be a stated communication of Naval Lodge of Masons on Wednesday evening.

Regular meeting this evening of Constitution Lodge, Knights of Pythias, at Odd Fellows' hall.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Second Christian society will meet at the residence of Carpenter Nathan Jenkins, U. S. N., retired, on Thursday evening.

It is said that a private detective has been employed on a case in town and that some very sensational developments will be made public in the near future.

Mrs. George W. Damon is reported to be quite ill at her home on Government street, although she is more comfortable than a few days ago. Her many friends hope that she may be favored with an early recovery.

Mrs. Julia Morrill of Hyde Park, Mass., a native of Kittery, observed her ninety-second birthday anniversary on Friday at her son's, Melvin P. Morrill, with whom she resides. She has one other son, George C., of Boston. She is a descendant of Lieut. Gov. Wentworth of New Hampshire, and Captain Andrew Pepperell of Kittery who was a brother of Sir Andrew Pepperell. They were both her great great grandfathers. Her marriage occurred in Kittery in 1831, where she was united to Rev. Paschal P. Morrill of the Methodist denomination. He died in Roxbury in 1864. One of her nephews is Naval Constructor Frank L. Fernald, U. S. N., retired. She has seven grandchildren and seven great grandchildren. Mrs. Morrill is in fair health and until a few years ago had not been ill since she was fourteen years of age.

CITY BRIEFS.

A good cold wave just now would insure excellent skating.

The Delapoon club will give an exhibition basket ball game and dance in the near future.

There are now four good basket ball teams in town to say nothing of one in Greenland, and it would seem as if a basket ball league might be organized.

The fierce wind wrecked a number of umbrellas today, and merchants who deal in these useful articles may look for some business as a result of the storm.

The weather man has been having hard luck this winter so far as this section of the country is concerned, a good share of his snow storms having been turned to rain.

A matched game of pool has been arranged between W. J. Kehoe and Don Currie, against Frank Robbins and M. Lord, to be played on Coleman's tables next week. The game is to be of one hundred points.

The funeral of Mr. A. Brackett Trevelyan will be held at his home at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the weather permitting. The funeral services will be conducted by the Rev. Dr. Gile of the Middle street Baptist church.

Some of the local bicycle dealers are considering the advisability of leasing the bicycle track at the South end next summer, and putting the track in condition for racing. Portsmouth has not seen the racing men for a long time, and would undoubtedly give them a warm welcome.

The public library is growing rapidly, and is gaining in circulation upon the Dover library, which has long been the largest in the state, with rapid strides. More new books have been added this winter, than in the same length of time for a number of years.

The boys of the Delapoon club say that they were very courteously treated by the Rochester team, and no effort was spared to insure their comfort, but that their opponents were in several instances unnecessarily rough during the progress of the game. A number of the Portsmouth men received slight injuries.

ACCEPTABLE

I should say so; they all say the same too, when they get them. Who is there that would refuse such works of art when they can get them for almost nothing. Ask your grocer for a coupon book, which will enable you to get one large 10c package of "Red Cross" starch, one large 10c package of "Hubinger's Best" starch, with the premiums, two Shakespeare panels, printed in twelve beautiful colors, as natural as life, or one Twentieth Century Girl calendar, the finest of its kind ever printed, all for 5c.

THE SOCIAL CALENDAR.

This is quite a smart week socially, compared with the fortnight just past. The round of events was set going Monday evening by the invitation party in Prince hall, and there will be something to attract on every night up to Saturday. This is the usual social spurt on the eve of Lent, which comes on apace.

This evening quite a number of Portsmouth people will go down to Rye and attend a concert in the town hall. Rye entertainments never fail to attract a party from this city, be they musicals or balls. Here in town, tonight, will occur the anniversary celebration of Addie F. Burditt Council, Daughters of Liberty. An excellent programme has been prepared, and a large attendance may be counted upon, for it is well known that the women of the council are admirable entertainers.

The Pythian Sisters say their fair on Thursday evening will certainly embody their very best efforts to contrive a satisfactory evening's diversion. All who go into Philbrick hall on that occasion will do well to take along every bit of their spare change, for there will be something in the booths to hit everybody's fancy.

St. Valentine's day comes tomorrow, but parties in celebration of it will be scarce. There was once a time when this was one of the most significant days on the whole year's calendar, but this generation pays small attention to the occasion, except to exchange valentines which are, for the most part, more absurd than sentimental.

It is no news that a number of our younger society women are infatuated just now with the sport of basket ball, and it threatens to quite supplant for the time being all other affections that may have found a way into their hearts. Some of them have become surprisingly proficient at the game and don't permit a day to go past without limbering up at it.

Portsmouth Pythians have been invited to attend the anniversary celebration of Constitution lodge of Kittery, next Friday evening, and many of them will undoubtedly go across the river upon that date. The Kittery brethren are always alive to the requirements for a successful entertainment and give their guests a jolly good time.

Of course, the stellar event for society this week will be the grand military ball of Company B, Friday evening. The members of Portsmouth high life will all spread their dainty wings on that evening and flutter into Philbrick hall, buzz and beam in the balconies and trip the light fantastic on the shining floor. It will be a gala occasion in the history of the company.

Even now, in the bondoirs are heard whispers of pleasurable anticipation regarding the Scheda benefit, although it will not take place until the evening of Monday, the 26th. Society, since the announcement of the talent that has been collected for the concert, is prepared for some unusually fine music, and the prospect is that it will not be disappointed. Mr. Scheda alone is capable of holding the attention of a music hall audience, with that sensitive and almost human violin of his.

THE DEBUTANTE

"Catch the opportunity." By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now you may build up your health and prevent serious illness.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

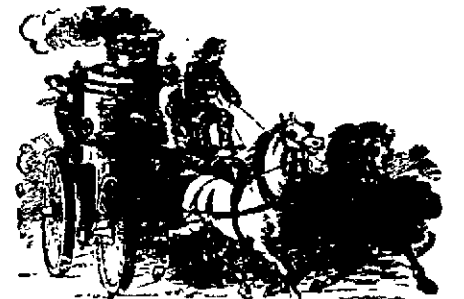
Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—

Hood's Pills

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Insurance That Will Insure.

BY



R. J. Kirkpatrick,
Congress Block,
PORTSMOUTH, N. N.

We Want To

own one of the best Gold Mines in Colorado. We have half enough money for first payment and working plant. We invite you to join us on a cost basis; 90 acres of virgin ground; this mine has produced \$400,000 in gold; women as welcome as men; why not join us for \$100; you obtain \$75 shares of \$1.00 stock in a company you help to form. This is the best offer ever made in Portsmouth on a gold mine. All subscribers share and share alike. Nothing binding until all the required amount is subscribed. We are practical mine managers, on the same footing as all subscribers, and will conduct this mine in a square, business manner, which will insure early and liberal dividends.

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Calls by night at residence, 9 Miller avenue, or 11 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.
Telephone at office and residence.

THE WORLD'S BEST.

Queen Quality, Ladies' Lace & Button Shoe, \$3.00
Duncan's Shoe Store.



Baileys Ribbed-Back Rubber

FRANKLIN SHOE—Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction. The Franklin Shoes fit the feet, fit the eye and fit your purse.

Men's Sizes.....\$2.00 | Boys' Sizes.....\$1.50 | Youths' Sizes.....\$1.25
8 MARKET STREET.

HOUSE PAINTS,
CARRIAGE PAINTS,
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Paint and Varnish Brushes
LARGEST STOCK
AT
A. P. WENDELL & CO.'S,
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FUR ROBES
OF THE BEST QUALITY ONLY
AT
JOHN S. TILTON'S
Congress Street.

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Portsmouth's Swell Tailor

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A SAFE INVESTMENT AND A SURE FORTUNE

can be made by buying Copper Shares now at the present price of 15 cts. per share. You can realize at least
\$100 FOR EVERY \$100 YOU INVEST
The Copper Cliff Mining Co. owns 4 Copper mines in Kern Co., Calif. One Assay per ton \$30 Copper, \$17 Gold. Veins 2 to 6 feet wide. Ore from the surface down, is rich enough to last all mining transportation and smelting charges and leave handsome profit. Dividends can be earned and paid without building and operating a smelter or other expensive plant. Experts report mines contain millions tons ore. Stock is full paid and non-assessable. \$1.00 per share. We want money enough to develop and take the ore out from the mines and now offer a limited amount of stock for a short time:
\$15 BUYS 100 SHARES
\$25 BUYS 170 SHARES
\$50 BUYS 350 SHARES
\$100 BUYS 800 SHARES
We are so confident that stock will go at par that we guarantee that after twelve months from date you cannot buy a share of this stock from the Copper Cliff Mining Co. for less than its par value, \$1 per share.
Copper shares have made investors many fortunes the past year. In 1899 a servant in the family of Prof. Agassiz asked him to invest \$250 for her. He invested it in 50 shares of copper stock. The enormous interest and dividends, added to the present market value amount to \$50,000. Grasp this opportunity and do likewise, you cannot lose. Get 100 shares a few shares before they advance. Send money by draft, express, registered letter, or by a money order for as many shares as you wish.
WM. REED, Investment Broker, 139 S. 5th St., Philada., Pa.

HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

Try One And Be Convinced.

TAYLOR A MARKED MAN.

So a Reporter Hears In Frankfort, Ky.

"LIFE NOT WORTH TWO CENTS."

Alleged Statements of Prominent Democrats—Troops Leaving the Capital—Latest Developments in the Legislative Situation.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 12.—For the first time since the shooting of Senator Gould and the declaration that an insurrection existed here Governor Taylor spent a day with his family resting. He refused to see any one except Adjutant General Collier, who is commanding the state troops, and one of two other close personal friends, and he would not talk to any reporter. General Collier's visits were in relation to the disposition of the troops which were ordered dispersed by the governor's proclamation on Saturday. The work of getting the troops away was begun on Saturday, soon after the proclamation was issued. All the Louisville contingent, which was the largest, was dispersed of early last night. There are fewer than 200 men left, and probably before noon tomorrow they will all have gone.

It was the governor's intention at first to keep 200 or 300 men here to prevent any possibility of an outbreak, but he told General Collier that he did not think he should do that, and he will take the chances of insurrection without any military protection at all. With the idea of finding out what these chances are a reporter asked the question offhand of 12 or 15 men, all of them conservative in the sense that that word is used down here. Several of them were lawyers. One was a military man. All but one was a Democrat. One of the lawyers was met at a church. He said:

"Oh, I don't know. I think the feeling is that we'd rather have him punished by law than to shoot him, but there's a feeling, too, that the law is more or less uncertain."

"How is he going to be reached by law?" asked the reporter.

"Well," said the lawyer, "there are two or three ways he can be reached in connection with the shooting of Senator Gould, for he must have known about that in advance. If we can't get the proof necessary to prosecute in this line, why, we have got him sure on a charge of treason."

The reader must bear in mind that this lawyer is one of the best known in this part of Kentucky and practices before the court of appeals. Finally he said:

"He's a marked man anyway, and there is no question about his fate ultimately."

"Won't this feeling of assassination die out as soon as the Democrats get possession?" asked the reporter.

"Killing you don't," answered the lawyer. "Not it won't. It is deep set, and it won't. Taylor is a marked man."

Life Not Worth Two Cents.

Another lawyer said:

"My personal opinion is that his life is not worth two cents. Nothing may be done for awhile. It may not happen for some time, but he'll be picked sooner or later."

The military man said:

"There is no question but they are afraid of him, and it's my opinion they will get him, and it won't be a long time before it is done either."

These opinions are samples. The purpose of all the others is the same. Not one of the men questioned was willing to admit that Governor Taylor had a chance for his life. But for the comfort of Governor Taylor it may be said here that the marked men don't always die young in Kentucky, and while there is a hope of killing him with guns, the proposition of shooting with mouths is a great deal bigger.

There was some excitement created about midnight Saturday night by the firing of two shots at the guard on duty at Governor Taylor's mansion. The guard returned the fire, but nobody was hit. The shots came from the direction of the penitentiary wall, which is across the street from the governor's house. It is almost certain that they were fired by a drunken man who just wanted to have fun and who didn't intend any harm. Prominent shooting of that kind is regarded as fun in Frankfort. The incident had the effect of strengthening the guard around the mansion for the night, and that was all. It was laughed at today.

The Kentucky Imbroglio.

Louisville, Feb. 12.—It is reported that the Republicans will this week seek to bring the contest for the office of governor and lieutenant governor before the federal court. Former Governor Bradley, chief counsel for the Republicans in their application before Judge Taft to restrain the state election commission from proceeding with the contests for the minor offices, was in town yesterday afternoon in consultation with leading Republican lawyers. The case involving the minor offices came on for trial this morning, and it is believed the other case will also be taken before Judge Taft, although it is not likely that anything will be done until after Tuesday. On that day the application of the Democrats for an injunction to restrain Governor Taylor from interfering with the legislative will come up in the circuit court at Frankfort. The case has come up from time to time by the Democrats pending the peace negotiations. It is expected a temporary injunction will be granted. The case will then be taken to the court of appeals, the state court of last resort. From whether or not an appeal to the federal court will be made depends the Republican hope of relief from that quarter.

Governor Beckham, Senator Blackburn and their associates in the Democratic state government passed a quiet day. The legislature will remain here at least until it has received a report from the committee which, it is believed, will be appointed today to investigate conditions at Frankfort. It is not thought the members will return to the capital while soldiers are about the state building.

Prisoner Escapes From Sing Sing.

Sing Sing, Feb. 12.—James Pinn, serving a five-year sentence for robbery, successfully eluded his keepers in Sing Sing prison, and when the keepers unlocked his cell door they found a dummy made from straw occupying Pinn's cot. They had mistaken the dummy for the prisoner all night. The warden has expended \$100 in looking for him. Pinn is a native of New York, and is 28 years old, weighs 140 pounds and is 5 feet 8 1/2 inches tall.

Prominent Silver Man Dead.

Salt Lake City, Feb. 12.—Thomas G. Merrill, widely known as an energetic worker in the silver cause, died in this city yesterday of pneumonia. Mr. Merrill was interested in mining properties in Utah, Colorado and Montana.

Weather Forecast.

From easterly winds, rain or snow.

MOLINEUX HOPEFUL.

His Lawyers Expect to Have Verdict Set Aside.

New York, Feb. 12.—Beliefs of the conviction of Roland B. Molineux reverberated through the city yesterday. Wherever persons congregated the great poison trial and its outcome were discussed. The verdict started the community, as the opinion was broadcast that, notwithstanding the incriminating circumstances, there remained a reasonable doubt of guilt. On every side there were expressions of sympathy for Molineux's father, whose attitude has touched a chord in every heart.

George Gordon Battle, Molineux's lawyer, said he confidently expected the court of appeals to set aside the verdict. His opinion is shared by many attorneys who have followed Recorder Goff's rulings. It is argued that all evidence relating to the death of Henry C. Barnett should have been excluded.

General Molineux visited his son in the Tombs and had a consultation with his counsel. All concerned have kept up their courage and deny the possibility that the young man will die in the electric chair. In any event, the appeal will serve as a stay and will cause a delay for long months.

Members of the jury were adverse to discussing their deliberations, but admitted that the first ballot stood ten to two for conviction.

David N. Carvalho, handwriting expert for the defense, said if he had been called to the witness stand he would have testified, as Mr. Osborne predicted, that the poison package address, the "H. Cornish" and the "H. C. Barnett" letters were in the same handwriting and that Cornish did not write them. He would, however, have said that Molineux was not their author.

Soldiers Drink Too Much.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Captain Frank M. Wells, chaplain of the First regiment of volunteers, who has just returned from the Philippine Islands, spoke in Grand Central Memorial church yesterday under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. on the liquor question in the Philippine Islands. He declared that since the Americans took Manila 400 places where liquor is sold had sprung up in Manila, while before the Americans came to the islands Manila had only three saloons. The Filipinos, he asserted, spoke well of the American soldiers, save that they said the Americans were "bad people" when they had drunk too much liquor. Whiskey, he said, was sold in the barracks at Manila not over 15 feet from headquarters until he put an end to it by complaining to the colonel and provost-marshal.

Republishes Headquarters.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Comptroller Charles G. Dawes, who was in the city on his way to Peoria, where he will speak tonight at the Lincoln day banquet of the Kikapoos club, said there was little doubt that the national Republican headquarters would be established in Chicago. "The sentiment of the national committee seems to favor the selection of Chicago," he said, "and there is little doubt this will be decided upon. It is probable the same course followed four years ago will be adopted, that of making Chicago the principal or working headquarters of the committee and maintaining headquarters in the east, at New York undoubtedly. The experience of four years ago here was of such a satisfactory character that the committee feels disposed to try it again."

Two Burned to Death.

Halifax, Feb. 12.—A fire of mysterious origin in Glouce Bay early this morning destroyed a large tenement house, and two lives were lost. Several women threw their children out of the windows and jumped after them. All were safely caught. Miss Steele, the sister of Mrs. McIntyre, one of the tenants, remonstrated at the last moment that a 10-year-old boy of her sister's was still sleeping in a back room of the burning building. She heroically went to his rescue, and the boy and his aunt perished. The charred bodies were found with the arms of the girl clasping the child. The burned tenement was occupied by the families of coal miners.

Sudan Uprising Not Serious.

Cairo, Feb. 12.—Official investigation shows that only a few Egyptian officers, all of them young men, were involved in the trouble with the two Sudanese but that the Sudanese were not to obey the order to give up their arms. It seems that the implicated officers had become excited over the Anglophone article published by the Laxa which praised the Transvaal and advised the Egyptians to take advantage of British distractions in South Africa. None of the senior officers in any way implicated. A court of inquiry will sit immediately to investigate the affair.

Murder in Solomon Islands.

San Francisco, Feb. 12.—News has been received in this city that the natives of the Solomon Islands group are murdering the white settlers on several of the islands and that a gambut from the German Solomon Islands has come to punish the culprits. Many murders have taken place, and in one instance the captain and mate and four of the crew of a trading schooner were killed while trying to protect a settler from the natives. In most cases robbery seems to have been the incentive.

Train Robbers Felled.

Peary, O. T., Feb. 12.—An attempt was made to hold up a south-bound passenger train on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway a mile north of Peary. The train was pulled and the train was slowing down when the oncoming train, several masked men standing near the track. He opened the theory that the train was held up by the would-be robbers, who made a futile attempt to board it. Officers are in pursuit of the men.

The Transpiration Railway.

London, Feb. 12.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Mail says: "The construction of the Transpiration railway has been absolutely decided upon. The line will be 1,200 miles long and will cost 150,000,000 roubles (Turkoman). The Vichomstov says the route will be from Dzhelisa, by way of Tabrez, Hamdan, Euphrat and Kerma, to Bandar Abbas."

Carlyle Harris' Cell For Molineux.

New York, Feb. 12.—There are eight convicts now awaiting execution in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison. Roland B. Molineux, having been found guilty, will accordingly be the next prisoner to be placed in the condemned cell. The next cell is in the north end of the building, one of which was occupied by Carlyle Harris during the last execution prior to his execution, when

MEN OF MIGHT.

Strong Nerves and Buoyant Blood Move the World.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA

Blood and Nerve Remedy
Is New Life, Hope, and Strength for the Weak, Despondent, Sick, and Overworked.

Who ever heard of a nerveless hero? What despondent warrior ever won a battle? What great idea was ever evolved from a sleepless brain? What high ideal or lofty aspiration ever came from low vitality? It is the blood and nerves that move the world physically, mentally, and morally.

Napoleon had nerves of steel at Waterloo. King Richard suffered the agonies of insomnia the night before he met Richmond on the fatal field of Bosworth. Low vitality, nervous weakness, debility, and exhaustion cause a majority of the failures, misery, and unhappiness in the world.

A thorough invigoration and revitalization is what you want. IT IS WHAT YOU MUST HAVE.

Science has provided a specific for just these conditions. It is the discovery of the famous Dr. Greene, and is known as Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Under the magic influence of this wonderful medicine the nerves soon regain their lost power and the spirits grow buoyant as the body grows stronger. The impoverished blood courses through the veins, substituting health and vitality for weakness, lassitude, and despair.

Thousands of people—judges, statesmen, merchants, and workmen—testify from personal experience to the prompt and permanent benefits of Dr. Greene's Nervura. The great good which it has done for them it will surely do for you. It is a sin to suffer when relief is within reach.

Mr. M. J. Sawyer, 229 Main St., Oswego, N. Y., says: "For a number of years I have been nervous, pains in my back and side, and that tired feeling; in other words, I was all broke up. I had no ambition to do anything, and if I had, I could not have done it. I had taken all kinds of medicines, and the doctors told me it was overwork and kidney trouble. As a last resort, I tried Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I did not get a bottle or two and then condemn the medicine for not curing me, as thousands of others do, but I made up my mind I would give it a good test. I got six bottles for five dollars, and I took it, and I learned me. That was several years ago and I am as sound as a bell, not a pruple or brown about me, and as solid as a rock."

There are many cases of complex character which patients cannot fully understand. Dr. Greene cordially invites all such sufferers to consult with him fully and freely, personally or by letter, at his office, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. There is no charge for such consultation, and every communication is absolutely confidential.

HAWAII A TERRITORY.

Committee's Report on the Bill Before the House.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Representative W. S. Knox of Massachusetts, chairman of the house committee on territories, has completed his report upon the bill for the creation of the territorial form of government in Hawaii, and it has been submitted to the house. The report is a voluminous document of 108 pages, going extensively into all the questions involved, and thoroughly covering every phase of the bill upon which the committee has agreed after many hearings and much investigation. Mr. Knox says there is imperative need of the early enactment of an act regarding Hawaii, as it has become apparent that there is much doubt regarding the extent of the power granted to the local government of Hawaii by the provisions of the joint resolution of annexation, and in many respects there is something like an interregnum in Hawaii.

Many doubtful questions of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction have arisen, as well as of criminal procedure, rendering it uncertain whether there is now any tribunal for the decision of important questions affecting property and any existing method by which criminals may be indicted or juries impaneled for trials.

There is also grave doubt concerning the power of the Hawaiian government to grant franchises for industrial and commercial enterprises or for railways which have been projected. The business affairs of the territory are in many cases brought to a standstill. Americans have bought government lands since annexation and have built houses and planted crops, but their land titles are now in dispute and cannot be settled until the passage of this bill.

Meanwhile no Americans can settle in Hawaii on land to be bought from the government, and a desirable class of citizens is thereby shut out from this new territory. The local government is unable to make public improvements, and the part of the government of Hawaii or to carry out plans based on legislation prior to annexation for widening and straightening the streets in Honolulu.

To Prepare a Charter For Hawaii.

Honolulu, Feb. 12.—The Gazette Official publishes the names of the commissioners appointed by General Lindbergh prior to his departure to study the administration and financial condition of the city and to prepare a charter designed to meet the conditions about to be imposed. The commission, which comprises Mayor Laeoe, Ernest L. Conant and Osgood Smith, will commence work at once. Mr. Conant and Mr. Smith are both lawyers. Both are from New York, but are now in Cuba. They are graduates of Harvard, Mr. Conant in the class of '84 and Mr. Smith in the class of '86. Mr. Conant is a member of the University and Barnard clubs and the Society of the Colonial Wars. Mr. Smith is a member of the Reform club and of the Sons of the Revolution.

The Soldiers' Home Inquiry.

Buffalo, Feb. 12.—A Bath special to The Morning Express says one of the sessions of the investigation into the affairs of the Soldiers' and Sailors' home here is being held in Buffalo. In the case, the investigation will not be finished by March 1, although Governor Roosevelt has sent a letter to Commissioner Eugene A. Philbin asking him to try to have the inquiry concluded by that time and the report submitted. An impression has gained ground that the investigation will go on over before April 1, though a preliminary report of the evidence acquired up to the end of February will probably be made to the governor by March 1.

Sulzer For Vice President.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Congressman William Sulzer of New York has made a tentative admission that he is a candidate for the vice presidency on the Democratic ticket with Mr. Bryan. "While I am making no effort to secure the nomination," said Mr. Sulzer, "the honor is too great for any man to say he will refuse it. Now, speakers that have favored selection have done so without any investigation, and I appreciate their kind sentiments. In New Hampshire, Connecticut and New Jersey the public prints are for me. Should the nomination come to me I would not say that I would or could decline."

Sentenced For Election Frauds.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—Samuel R. Markley, Joseph S. Hogan and Frank Taylor, alias "Percy," have been sentenced to imprisonment for two years in the Eastern penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$200 each for frauds perpetrated at the November election, when Lieutenant Colonel Barnett of the Tenth Pennsylvania volunteers was elected state treasurer on the Republican ticket. The men were also convicted of the Twelfth division of the Fifth ward and were recently convicted of stuffing the ballot box and making fraudulent returns of the votes cast.

Carlyle Harris' Cell For Molineux.

New York, Feb. 12.—There are eight convicts now awaiting execution in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison. Roland B. Molineux, having been found guilty, will accordingly be the next prisoner to be placed in the condemned cell. The next cell is in the north end of the building, one of which was occupied by Carlyle Harris during the last execution prior to his execution, when

the extra death watch was established to prevent him from taking his own life, as he said he would in preference to expiating his crime in the chair, and this is the cell that will be assigned to Molineux when he is received there.

White Man Lynched In Texas.

Kansas City, Feb. 12.—A special dispatch from Port Arthur, Texas, says: "James Sweeney, white, was lynched this morning. Sweeney was a cotton servant, formerly from Cape Town, South Africa. He was a fellow laborer, by jimmieing a layonet through his neck. The crime was committed on the afternoon of Feb. 11 in a room with no witnesses present and is said to have resulted from a saloon fight that took place a few hours previously. Monday Sweeney was indicted for murder in the first degree. He was placed on trial at Beaumont, Texas, Friday, and last night the jury returned a verdict of 'not guilty.' As soon as he was released Sweeney returned to Port Arthur. Word had been telegraphed ahead that he was coming, and a mob met him at the depot, marched him up town and strung him up to a telephone pole without ceremony. In the first attempt the rope broke. The second attempt was made successfully by tying Sweeney's legs so that his feet could not touch the ground and drawing the rope taut. Their work accomplished, the mob, which was made up of Port Arthur citizens, dispersed quietly."

Money For Moody's Schools.

Boston, Feb. 12.—The movement to endow the Moody educational plans has resulted in one gift of \$20,000, several of \$25,000 and a large number of \$10,000 and \$5,000. These gifts have come from the friends of the late evangelist all over the country. St. Louis, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Paul and this city being represented by specially large checks. The treasurer of the fund declines to give names or totals at present and will only say that money is coming in fast and from all the principal cities. The movement in England is succeeding also in spite of the public distraction of the Boer war. The total amount asked for is \$2,000,000, and those in charge of raising it say no question any longer exists that it will be all in hand within a short time.

Pacific Cable Route Surveyed.

San Francisco, Feb. 12.—The cable ship Xero has arrived under command of Lieutenant Commander H. M. Hodges, who in nine months has made a complete survey for the Pacific cable. Though no facts are given out, it is understood that he has found a feasible route and that a cable to Honolulu and the Philippines will soon be laid. The Xero left here on April 22 and arrived at Honolulu on May 6. From there she started the survey to Midway island, which is 1,100 miles northwest. From Midway the line was run to Guam, a distance of 2,500 miles. From Guam to Luzon a route was found which was 1,350 miles long. It was between Luzon and the Philippines that soundings over known were made in 5,250 fathoms. From Luzon the ship sailed to Yokohama and surveyed a line of 1,300 miles from Yokohama to Guam. For 123 days the Xero touched at no port, and all hands had to live on canned goods.

To McKinley as a Union Man.

New York, Feb. 12.—The Central Federation union instructed its secretary yesterday to write to President McKinley and ask him what he is going to do as a member of the Bricklayers' union of Chicago about the strike of the granite cutters at the Chicago postoffice. President McKinley was made an honorary member of the union before he laid the foundation stone of the Chicago postoffice, and the C. F. U. says that it expects him now to take an interest in having union regulations observed. The matter came up on a report made by William J. O'Brien of the granite cutters, who said that the granite cutters on the new hall of records building in this city had struck in sympathy with the Chicago men. John Brown, the contractor, told him he had received an extension of time from the government of ten years if necessary in order to light the strike. It was this report that prompted the C. F. U. to communicate with President McKinley.

Antitrust Conference In Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Many delegates to the national antitrust conference which will convene in this city tomorrow arrived in the city today. Governor Low of South Dakota and State Senator A. J. Path of Pennsylvania have sent word they will be present at the conference. Chairman M. L. Lockwood said that as representatives had been received from more than 1,000 invited guests to attend the conference and that the governor of nearly every state in the Union had appointed delegates.

BOERSTRYFLANK MOVE

One Rumor Says That Position Near Chieveley Is Taken.

MAY CAUSE BULLER'S SILENCE.

Line of Communication to the Eastward Would Be Endangered by Aggressive Operations—Kimberley Falls Horribly.

London, Feb. 12.—The fact that the war office up to the present moment has not issued any message received from Buller in regard to his retirement across the Tugela has aroused a feeling of apprehension in some quarters that the Natal commander is too busily engaged in meeting a Boer flank movement to send any dispatches.

There are indications that the Boers have assumed, temporarily at least, the offensive and are moving upon the British right flank and line of communication, plainly the best means of compelling the abandonment of the effort to relieve Ladysmith by the Springfield-Schiel drift route.

At Inhlawe mountain the Boers have long held a threatening position upon the British right. They seem now to have pushed forward from it to a point described as Bloy's farm, "not an hour's ride from Chieveley," as one dispatch has it.

This place is probably a little to the southwest of Inhlawe, since it commands both the road and the railway bridges at Colenso. At the same time word comes from Natal of a further advance of the Zululand force of Boers, apparently developing a flank movement in the direction of Greytown. This would threaten the British line of communications far to the southwest.

The report also comes from Durban that General Buller, with 5,000 Boers, has already started to swing around the British flank. If this story be true, and there is no information to the contrary, the coming week promises to be one of great anxiety for England. Thus far the Boers have been able to hold the British at every point. How they will fare upon taking the offensive remains to be seen.

Colesberg Boers Menacing.

The Boers at Colesberg are unusually active. So far from being hemmed in they are themselves threatening the British line of communications.

As the dispatches from that section to Cape Town are signed "Clements" it is probable that General French has gone to Lord Roberts to take command of the cavalry division. Roberts' arrival at Modder River is regarded as an indication that the commander in chief is surveying the situation with the possible intention of making his advance into the Orange Free State from that point.

The Boers' pressure on Kimberley is reported by Colonel Kekewich, the British commander, to be increasing. It is said that guns which were formerly at Mafeking have been moved down to Kimberley; that a 6 inch gun has opened fire upon the town. The Boer forces show an increase, and they are moving their intrenchments forward.

From the Cape several telegrams by the censor. The besieged town took to horseflesh in January. Plainly it is nearing the end of its food and consequently its resistance. This may explain the concentration of so large a British force at Modder River.

A significant sentence in a Daily News dispatch from Cape Town strengthens the belief that Lord Roberts is about to advance. The message states that every available truck of the Western railway system has been secured by the military authorities.

Irishmen For Special Duty.

Cape Town, Feb. 12.—Lord Roberts has authorized the formation of a squadron of 100 picked Irishmen for special duties. Sir John Henry De Villiers, chief justice of Cape Colony, will sail for England next Wednesday. Every available truck on the western system of railways has been secured by the military authorities.

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STYLISH WARM SUITS!

You need something that will keep out the winter winds, but want it neat and conventional. We can supply it. Isn't a tailor in town nearly so well-equipped to Suit you as we are. Because we planned that way. Got the Very Best and Most Fashionable Fabrics. Got the Linings and Trimmings to match. And, certainly, we can cut and make it as well as anybody; better than many, so our customers say.

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8 MARKET SQUARE.

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FILIPINOS AGAIN ACTIVE

Harass Americans by Shooting Burning Arrows Into Albay.

GUERRILLA WARFARE CONTINUES

Three Expeditions Against the Insurgents on Foot—Several Americans Wounded in a Fight With Pio del Pilar—Smallpox and Plague.

Manila, Feb. 12.—The insurgents in Albay province, Luzon, have adopted harassing tactics against the towns which the Americans have garrisoned. They camp in the hills and maintain a constant fire upon the American outposts. When the troops sally against them, they scatter, returning when the Americans retire. They shoot burning arrows and have burned a large part of the town of Albay. Indeed, most of the larger towns in that province are practically deserted except by the garrisons. Scarcely any of the inhabitants return to their homes. They are camping in the interior, and it is supposed armed insurgents prevent them going back. It is reported that there is much suffering among them owing to lack of food. As a result of these conditions the hemp business in that section is seriously hindered, and ships going for cargoes are compelled to take gangs of coolies to do their loading. Hemp held in the interior is quite inaccessible.

Colonel Bell will take two regiments and a battery through the provinces of North Camarines and South Camarines, going there on transports. Many insurgents retreated to that part of the island from Cavite and Batangas provinces. Another expedition will soon start to garrison towns along the north coast of the island of Mindanao.

Guerrilla warfare continues south of Manila. Two attempts have been made to unmask the Americans. General Selwan while returning to Manila with his staff and an escort of 100 cavalry from Batangas was attacked by the insurgents. The latter were dispersed, but the Americans had five men wounded.

Beacom Rout Insurgents.
Lieutenant Colonel Beacom, with six companies of the Forty-second infantry, had a two-hour fight with General Pio del Pilar's command, which attempted to unmask the Americans along the trail through Morong province, near the lake. Here also the insurgents were dispersed, but the Americans had several wounded, among them a captain.

The plague continues. Eight cases were reported last week among the natives and Chinese. There is no excitement, however, and business and social life are undisturbed. Smallpox is prevalent among the natives along the railroad and in the towns on the northern coast. Two American officers have died of the disease, and several soldiers have been stricken.

Another expedition is proceeding northward from Subig.

It is reported that the insurgent general Alejandro has recovered from his wound and has assembled a large force in that district.

Chicago Labor Troubles.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Instead of allowing the building industries of Chicago to be tied up for an indefinite period members of the contractors' association have decided to try to employ nonunion men to complete the buildings now in process of construction. This decision was announced by W. F. Belmont, chairman of the executive committee of the building contractors' council. As an outcome of the announcement the union men have decided to picket all the buildings being erected in Chicago. In all the picket force will number nearly 1,000 men. These pickets, according to the labor leaders, will try to persuade men to keep away from buildings where union men are out. At first no attempt will be made by contractors to resume work on all the buildings. Efforts will be confined to structures that must be finished within a certain time.

Chicago's Boer Ambulance Corps.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—The ambulance corps, 30 in number, recruited and equipped by the United Irish societies of Chicago, has left for New York on its long journey to join the Boer army on the battlefields of South Africa. Two special coaches were attached to the regular Lake Shore train for the party. The corps is equipped with surgical and medical supplies, which in addition to the personal effects of the members of the corps filled three baggage cars. On arriving at Pretoria the men will join the Boer army and work under the flag of the American Red Cross society.

Head of Princeton Seminary Dead.

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 12.—William Henry Green, head of the Theological seminary, is dead. Professor Green was born in Groverville, N. J., in 1825. He graduated at Lafayette and studied theology in Princeton, where he was ordained in 1848. He was pastor of the Central Presbyterian church in Philadelphia in 1849 and later was professor of Hebrew and Old Testament literature in Princeton Theological seminary. He was chairman of the Old Testament committee of the American committee for the revision of the Bible. He declined the presidency of Princeton college in 1908.

The Gate City in Peril.

Moriches, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The sea is growing rougher, and the Gate City is still fast where she struck on Thursday night. The outlook is bad now. Sixteen men of the crew were brought ashore yesterday afternoon as to make the work of taking off the best in case of immediate danger as easy as possible. The men landed in the breeches buoy. Captain Giggins and 20 of his men remain on board assisting the Merritt-Chapman wreckers in the endeavor to float the vessel. Desperate efforts to accomplish this will be made at high water, but the outlook is poor.

Mrs. McKinley's Aunt Robbed.

Columbus, O., Feb. 12.—A special to the Ohio State Journal from Canton, O., says four masked men entered the home of Mrs. Maria S. Saxton, aunt of Mrs. President McKinley, wife of here, early Sunday morning. Daniel Shanker, a brother of Mrs. Saxton, was awakened, but was prevented from giving an alarm by a revolver thrust in his face. The robbers escaped with a small amount of booty.

Pro-Boer Meeting in Lowell.

Lowell, Mass., Feb. 12.—An enthusiastic pro-Boer meeting was held here last night, 1,000 persons being present. Maude Connor, the Irish Joan of Arc, was the principal speaker.

RUDYARD KIPLING'S WORKS FOR 10 CENTS.

On The Following Dates The Distribution Will Take Place:

DATE	TITLE
January	VOLUME I. MINE OWN PEOPLE. Introduction by Henry James—Bini.—Nan Gray Doola.—The Re-education of Imroy.—Mori Gaj, Mu-neer.—The Mutiny of the Mavens.—At the End of the Passage.—The Ica-nation of Kirabna Matvaney.—The Man Who Was—On Greenhow Hill.
29	
30	
31	VOLUME II. Plain Tales From The Hills. THIRTY-NINE STORIES.
February	
1	
2	VOLUME III. The Light That Failed.
3	
5	VOLUME IV. SOLDIERS THREE. The God From the Machine.—Private Fea-royd's Story.—The Big Drunk Draft.—The Soldier.—With the Main Guard.—In the Matter of a Private.—Black Jack—Only a Sub-altern.
6	
7	VOLUME V. THE PHANTOM RICKSHAW. My Own Time Ghost Story.—The Strange Ride of Norrowhite Jukes.—The Man Who Would Be King.
8	
9	VOLUME VI. STORY OF THE GADSBYS. Poor Dear Mama.—The World Without.—The Fents of Kedar.—With Any Amazeant.—The Garden of Eden.—Fat ma.—The Valley or the shadow.—The Swelling of Jo dan.
10	
12	VOLUME VII. THE COURTING OF DINAH SHAD. A Conference of the Powers.—City of Dreadful Night.
13	
14	VOLUME VIII. IN BLACK AND WHITE. Dedication.—Introduction.—Dray Wara Yow De.—The Judgment of Durgara.—At Howi Thana.—Gentian.—At Twenty Two.—At Flood Tuna.—The Sending of Dana Da.—On the City Wall.
15	
16	VOLUME IX. UNDER THE DEODARS. The education of Otis Yeero.—At the Pit's Mouth.—A Wagside Comedy.—The Hill of Illusion.—A Fec and rate Woman.
17	
19	VOLUME X. WEE WILLIE WINKIE. Baa, Baa, Id-ck Sheep.—His Majesty, the King.—The Drums of the Furc and Alt.—With out Benefit of Clergy.
20	
21	VOLUME XI. AMERICAN WAYS. SIXTEEN CHAPTERS.
22	
23	VOLUME XII. Letters Of Marque. Nineteen Letters.
24	
26	VOLUME XIII. LETTERS FROM THE EAST.
27	
28	VOLUME XIV. DEPARTMENTAL DITTIES. Including THE VAMPIRE and THE RECONSTRUCTION.
March	
1	VOLUME XV. BARRACK ROOM BALLADS. Including DANNY DEETER and MANDALAY.

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Mail orders for Kipling books will receive as prompt attention as possible. These mail orders are filled out of town, consequently there will be a week or more delay. A good supply of books are always kept on hand to fill orders for personal calling at the office.

PHILIPPINES COMMISSION.

President to Give One Place to a Southern Democrat.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The president appears to be determined to have a southern Democrat as one of the Philippines commission. The suggestion that a southern man be selected was made to Mr. McKinley by Senator Sullivan of Mississippi, who urged the appointment of ex-Governor McLaurin of his state. The appointment was offered Mr. McLaurin by telegraph, but he declined it, and it is now understood that Senator Lindsay of Kentucky will be asked to serve.

Senator Lindsay's term does not expire till March 4, 1901, more than a year hence, when he will be succeeded in the senate by J. C. S. Blackburn. Should he accept it would probably be necessary for him to resign his seat. The sentiment of both houses of congress is against a member holding his seat while serving in any other capacity under the government, and should a member be nominated by the president for any executive office the senate would refuse to confirm. The Philippines commissioners are not nominated to the senate, but the attitude of congress is so pronounced that Senator Lindsay would hardly retain his seat if he should go to the Philippines.

It is the president's intention to appoint only men who will promise to remain in the Philippines as long as their services are required there. Assurances to that effect have been given by the three commissioners already selected, Messrs. Taft, Denby and Worcester. These three men are all from states west of the Alleghenies, and the president, to make the commission geographically representative and acceptable, is endeavoring to secure a New England man of high standing and a southern man equally satisfactory for the other two.

Redmond's Address to Ireland.

London, Feb. 12.—Mr. John Redmond, M. P., who was a few days ago elected chairman of the reorganized Nationalist party, has issued a manifesto to the people of Ireland in which he draws attention to the fact that the parliamentary party is reunited after nine years. He says: "The greatest crisis within the memory of living man has arisen in the affairs of the empire. No one can tell the moment when the 80 Irish members of their own country may be able to extract from the situation its legitimate fruit."

Havana Strike Ended.

Havana, Feb. 12.—The strike of cigar makers is settled. The men asked on what conditions they could return to work, and the masters replied that they could return on the conditions existing before the strike. This reply they accepted, and tomorrow they will return. The cost of the strike to the manufacturers has been practically nothing. The strikers themselves have lost \$100,000. The Herald tells Mr. Samuel Gompers to return to the United States, declaring that he came here with the intention of creating disturbances.

Mexico's Indian War.

Austin, Feb. 12.—A dispatch from Oajaca, Mexico, says that General Bravo is making good progress in his campaign against the Maya Indians in Yucatan. Several engagements between the government troops and the Indians have taken place during the last two weeks, and the Maya losses are reported to have been heavy. The mosquito fleet of gunboats, which was sent up the Belize and Uxmal rivers has been of little use on account of the fact that the Indians have kept some distance from shore.

Polk's Grandson Disappears.

Buffalo, Feb. 12.—William Polk, Jr., a grandson of President James K. Polk, has arrived here in search of his brother, Robert W. Polk, who disappeared from their home in New York on Friday. R. W. Polk contracted typhoid malaria while with the Seventy first regiment in Cuba and was supposed to be temporarily insane when he left home. He bought a ticket for Buffalo, but has not been found here.

Lord Pauncefoot to Retire.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The term of Lord Pauncefoot, the British ambassador to this capital, will expire in April. Some time ago, in view of his long and honorable career here, the ambassador's tenure was extended until April, and inasmuch as no official intimation has been received here of a further extension it is supposed he will retire after another month's service. The date of the ambassador's departure for England will depend entirely on his own wishes and comfort.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES.

The damage to building No. 7 in the Brooklyn navy yard from fire early Sunday morning will reach \$100,000. Of this \$50,000 was caused to the building itself and the rest to the electrical machinery stored on the ground floor.

Rev. Louis D. Senez, rector of St. Mary's Roman Catholic church in Jersey City, is dead. He had been pastor of St. Mary's for the last 10 years, having organized the parish. He was born in Paris in 1813 and was ordained to the priesthood in 1840 by the archbishop of Paris.

A half million dollars, in addition to large sums he already has given to the cause of education, will be distributed by Dr. D. K. Pearsons of Chicago, beginning on March 1, among 14 colleges and educational institutions throughout the United States. The gifts will average generally \$50,000 to each college.

So Was She.

"Do you know," he said, "that every time I look at you I have thoughts of revenge?"

"Why?" she gasped.

"Because," he answered, "revenge is sweet." Then she told him she thought tomorrow would be a good time to see papa.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day

"Mytic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Hill Druggist Portsmouth.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Bardock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

taken at night will make you feel right, act right and look right. They cure Constipation. 10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

Drink Only The Purest

FINE OLD
Ky. Taylor
WHISKEY.

If you want purity and richness of flavor, try our OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR, 8 years old and our own distillation and guaranteed pure. Bottled and shipped direct from our warehouses by us. None genuine without our signature on both labels. For consumption, Indigestion, and all ailments requiring stimulants OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR has no superior. Sold by all first-class druggists, grocers, and liquor dealers.
Sold by Globe Grocery Co., Portsmouth, N. H.

Introduction

The readers of this paper need no introduction to the Frank Jones Brewing Co. or its products: when the statements made by this reliable house that they own

Victor Bottled Ale

is second to none in existence and that are ready to stand behind the assertion further proof of quality is not necessary.

Are you satisfied that 30 years of successful business means anything? It so send your next order to

Frank Jones Brewing Co.
Portsmouth, N. H.

or Newfield Bottling Co.,
Newfield, N. H.

are made assurance doubly sure. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Put up in 12 cases, each 12 cases.

P. S.—Remember the brand "VICTOR"

OLIVER W. HAM

SUCCESSOR TO SAMUEL S. FLETCHER,
60 Market Street.

Furniture Dealer

— AND —

Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover Street and at residence, Cor. New Vaughan Street and Raynes' Ave.

Telephone 59—2.

Granite State

Fire Insurance Company

OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000

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THE HERALD.

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FOR PORTSMOUTH

AND

PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than any other local dailies combined. Try it.

TUESDAY, FEB. 13, 1900.

Ex Consul Macrum evidently considers silence the gold standard, while speech is only 16 to 1.

A tornado at Collinsville, Ill., on February 11th is the latest reported freak of meteorology in this country.

Brigham H. Roberts is not out of trouble yet. He has simply transferred the scene of it from Washington to Utah.

Speaking of funeral orations, Joe Blackburn is a very tame Mark Anthony and Goebel a less than mediocre dead Caesar.

The Nicaragua canal business would be immensely simplified by turning the whole thing over to the New York Journal.

Champ Clark says: "A man don't have to be an idiot." This is not expert opinion; Champ's no idiot; he's only a freak.

If the war ever begins in Kentucky, the whole population will take part in it. No man, woman or child dares run the deadly risk of being an innocent bystander.

"Otis must go," but at his own request. The general has practically finished up the Filipino war and now wants rest after eighteen months of extraordinary labors.

The war in Luzon seems to be at an end, but there's any number of fellows in this country that call themselves good Americans and patriots who hope to hear that it has broken out afresh.

The refusal of Germany to join France and Russia in asking England hard questions about the occupation of Egypt is proof positive that the latter power has made sure of Emperor William's good will during her struggle with the Boer republics.

If the British were repulsed from the outposts on the Tagela, at Stormberg and Magersfontein, the Boers don't seem to make any great headway in taking Mafeking, Kimberley and Ladysmith. In up to date war the advance tag lies with the defense.

We believe that Mr. Merriam, the head of the census bureau, was right in asking that the printing of his department should be done outside of the government printing office when it could not be gotten in time otherwise. There is altogether too much red tape and delay in the departments at Washington and the work of taking the census should not be delayed by waiting on the slow and routine methods of the government.

He Had Children.

"We see some strange persons and hear some strange complaints," said the superintendent of schools recently. "The other day a man came to my office and said, 'Is this the superintendent?' 'Yes,' sir, I answered. 'Well, see here,' he burst out, 'I can't get my children into any of the public schools, and I won't put up with it. I'm a taxpayer, and I have a right to have my children educated in the common schools. I'm going to the newspapers.'"

"Well," I retorted, "let me have the names of your children, and I'll give them half day sessions." "No," that won't do. My children are going to school all day." "Well, have you any in school?" "Yes; I have two in school No. — and three in school No. — and a daughter in the Normal college."

"Well," I said, "how many children have you, anyway?" "Twenty," he answered, "by one wife." "Well, my friend," I said, "the thing for you to do is to petition the central board for a special annex in your own neighborhood."

"And that's one case of many,"—New York Mail and Express.

Beyond Him.

The Armies Wonder—Why couldn't I go into politics?
The Snake Charmer—You couldn't ever have a pull; that's why.—Kansas City Independent.

RETIREES FROM THE FIRM.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Feb. 12.—George E. Wallace, of the firm of E. G. and E. Wallace, the largest shoe manufacturers in New Hampshire, severed his connection with the business today. Since the death of E. G. Wallace, in November, 1893, and of E. Wallace, in August, 1894, the business, which was founded in 1858 and has since grown to great proportions, has been conducted by Sumner, Albert and George E. Wallace. The latter owned one-half of the plant, whose value is reckoned at one million dollars. This action of his has been under consideration since January 16th. The firm name of E. G. and E. Wallace will be kept.

UNDER THE NAVY DEPARTMENT'S ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—It is learned at the navy department that the Princeton was under orders of Admiral Watson in raising the flag over the northern islands of the Philippine group. These islands which have been taken possession of, north of the twentieth degree of latitude, are said to be clearly within the limits of the ceded territory.

RELATING TO TUTUILA.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The president today issued an executive order placing the island of Tutuila under the control of the navy department. Assistant Secretary Allen will have jurisdiction over it, subject to the department.

ROCKEFELLER STILL GIVING.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—It is expected that at a dinner at the Hotel Manhattan next month, John D. Rockefeller will announce an additional gift to the Chicago university of \$1,500,000, which will make his total contribution to that institution \$8,500,000.

SUPPORT THE LEASE.

Boston, Feb. 12.—At a meeting of the Boston associated boards of trade tonight, the lease of the Boston & Albany railroad to the New York Central and of the Fitchburg to the Boston & Maine was ratified.

ON MARCH 15TH.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—By an order of the navy department, issued today, Commander Richard Wainwright will be made superintendent of the Annapolis naval academy on March 15th.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Forecast for New England: Rain Tuesday; fair and colder Wednesday, increasing southeast winds; storm signals are displayed from the Delaware breakwater to East port.

GARDNER WON.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—At the Hercules Athletic club tonight George Gardner of Lowell, Mass., knocked out Jimmy Handler of Newark in the third round.

TO JOIN AMERICAN FLEET.

SAN JUAN, P.R., Feb. 12.—The Texas, which arrived here on February 3d, sailed today to join the American fleet at St. Thomas.

A corporation known as the Mont Vernon and Milford Electric railway has been organized, under a charter granted by the last legislature. Franklin Marden of Mont Vernon has been chosen president and A. L. Keyes secretary and treasurer.

The Future of Children

A child's life may be blighted by the diseases of youth, such as Rickets, which is characterized by weak bones or crooked spine, and inability to stand or walk steadily, or Marasmus, that wasting disease characterized by paleness and emaciation, or Scrofula, a constitutional disease of the glands and neck.

Scott's Emulsion

of pure Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda will prevent and cure these diseases. It supplies just the material needed to form strong bones, rich red blood and solid flesh. It will also reach the infant through the mother's milk, and be of the greatest benefit to both.

At all druggists; or, and \$1.00
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

STRONG TESTIMONY.

This is Portsmouth Testimony and Will Stand Investigation.

If you doubt the following and wish to investigate, you haven't to go to some other state in the Union to prove it. It's not a long story published in Portsmouth newspapers about a resident in Kalamazoo, Mich., or Tampa, Fla. It's about a resident of Portsmouth and given in his own words. No stronger proof can be had.

Mr. Charles Kennedy, of 25 Gates street, says:—"A few years ago I was laid up with rheumatism for over two months so that I could not get out of the house. I never regained my former strength and my kidneys are apt to become sluggish. During the winter I was taken with a very lame back and the constant ache made me miserable. I was forced to stop my business and I could hardly pick up anything from the floor, and twinges caught me in the back that were excruciating. I went to Philbrick's pharmacy on Congress street for Doan's Kidney Pills; after I had commenced to use them I gradually grew better till the lameness and soreness entirely disappeared.

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Posters: Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

STATE NEWS.

Thomas Linsey was fined in the Dover police court for selling malt liquor on Sunday. He pleaded guilty.

The Fr. Matthew C. T. A. society of Dover is having a good advance sale of tickets for its annual benefit, "The Parish Priest," which appears at the City opera house, Friday evening, Feb. 23.

Receiver E. H. Carroll of the defunct Cocheo National bank of Dover has received checks to the amount of \$225,699 from Controller Dawes of Washington for the interest due the depositors of that institution, and the money is now ready for payment on the presentation of receiver's certificate. This practically clears up the affairs of the bank.

The state board of agriculture will hold farmer's institutes this week, Feb. 13, at Water Village, and Feb. 14 at Center Sandwich. The subjects discussed will be "Cereal Crops," "Sheep Husbandry," "Diseases of Farm Animals," "Improvements of the Soil," and "Rural Schools."

The Exeter Gazette has re-established its daily edition, which was suspended last November.

The social assembly at the Newfields town hall was a decided success in every function. The attendance was large and all the requisites for the success of such an event were fully realized. Joy & Philbrick's orchestra furnished the music. Visitors from Exeter, Newmarket, Durham and Stratham were included among those on the floor.

At his home on Vennard court in Newcastle on Saturday, the oldest citizen in the town, George Vennard, quietly celebrated the ninety third anniversary of his birth. For several months past his health has not been as good as previously, while his daily and much enjoyed walks have been omitted. But although denied this privilege, his courage cannot be excelled, for he never complains.

Petitions in bankruptcy recently filed with the clerk of the United States court included the following: Frank E. Donohue, Gorham; George Wilder, Lebanon, and Burgoyne & Herbert of Nashua.

The Parish House team of Chicopee, Mass., gave Dartmouth a close rub at basketball. The final score was in Dartmouth's favor, 19 to 17, after the first half had been a tie at 8 points.

Mrs. Mary A. Rodfield of Claremont, widow of S. Franklin Rodfield, died of pneumonia yesterday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. D. Hall, in that place. She was aged 80 years and 15 days.

Earl W. Douglass of Manchester, who was reported to have lost an arm in the Philippine islands by a wound caused by a Filipino bullet, writes friends that the report is utterly unfounded, and that he is in the pink of condition. He is a member of the 23d infantry.

A southbound car on the Union electric railway arriving at Sawyer's Mills at 6.50, was crashed into, derailed and badly damaged by a shifting engine on the Portsmouth & Dover railroad at the Sawyer crossing Monday evening.

Checks have arrived from Controller Dawes for the last payment to the depositors of the defunct Cocheo national bank of Dover.

"THE NOBLEST MIND"

The best contentment has "Yet, however noble in mind, no man or woman can have perfect contentment without physical health. The blood must be kept pure and the stomach and digestive organs in good order. The best means for this purpose is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It promptly cures all blood humors and eruptions and tones up the system.

The favorite cathartic is Hood's Pills, 25c.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

THE JUROR TURNED.

He Showed the Lawyer He Knew Some Big Ones Too.

The lawyer was just starting home after a hard day's work in the courtroom. A sedate looking man approached him and said:

"I don't know whether you remember me or not. I am one of the takersmen whom you interrogated yesterday."

"There are one or two small matters that I wanted to ask you about. You seem to be a person of very superior intelligence, and I hope you will give me a few minutes. I'll walk along with you to your car so as not to waste any time. What I wanted to ask you is this: If I were to say to you that the three faces which include a triad angle of a prism are equal in all their parts to the three faces which include a triad angle of a second prism, each to each, and are like placed, the two prisms are equal in all their parts, what would you understand by it?"

"Why, sir—really—"

"You don't mean to tell me you are stumped by a little one like that?"

"You see, the question is a little sudden, and in order to grasp its full significance—"

"Never mind. Here's an easier one, nearer the beginning of the book. If I were to suggest to you that a certain object is a polyhedron, in which two of the faces are polygons, equal in all their parts and having their homologous sides parallel, what would be the impression conveyed to your mind?"

"To be candid, I never looked into the subject very deeply."

"You don't mean to own up that you wouldn't know it was a plain, everyday prism?"

"I hadn't thought of it in that light."

"That's all. My boy, who isn't through high school, could have answered those questions without stopping to think. I feel better. You were putting on a lot of airs yesterday, but you ain't any encyclopedia. I don't believe you are even a handy compendium of useful knowledge. After this display of lamentable ignorance on your part I want to make just one suggestion. If you ever get me into court again, don't you swing at me with any more big words and try to act haughty. I've got your measure, and I'm liable to be just as supercilious as you are."—Washington Star.

A CIVIL WAR INCIDENT.

The Dramatic Part Centrifugal Attraction Played In a Chase.

"As every schoolboy knows, the tendency of a body moving in a circle is to fly away from the center, by the operation of centrifugal attraction," remarks a well known officer. "The consequence is that a train of cars, going around a curve at a good gait, will be certain to hug the outside rail, and if it happens to jump the track one would naturally infer that it would be on the side where the pressure is greatest. An incident, based on this principle, played a star role in what was possibly the most dramatic passage of the entire civil war. I refer to the pursuit of Andrews' raiders when they made their desperate dash through north Georgia to destroy railroad communication with Chattanooga. The raiders stole a freight train at Marietta, Ga., and started north at top speed. They were pursued all the way by a detachment of Confederates on a locomotive, and then ensued the most thrilling running fight on record.

"Time and again Andrews and his men attempted to obstruct the track behind them, but they were so hard pressed that they were obliged to take to their train before they could do the work. At last they made a spurt that gave them a few moments' breathing space, and a long short section of rail of the outside of the curve, and when the locomotive swung around it was going so fast that all its weight was practically on the sound iron. In other words, centrifugal attraction saved the day, and, instead of burning the Chattanooga bridge, Andrews was caught and hanged as a spy.

"It had not been for that fatal blunder in removing the rail, the raiders would doubtless have accomplished their purpose, and what such a disaster would have meant to the Confederacy gives the imagination unlimited leeway for speculation."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Worn Away by Kissing.

Cicero speaks of a bronze statue of Hercules which had the features worn away by the frequent osculations of the devout. Several instances of the same kind have occurred in modern times. The face of a figure of the Saviour, among the bronze has-relief which adorn the Casa Santa at Loretto, has in this way been quite kissed away.

The foot of the famous statue of St. Peter, in the Vatican, has also lost much of its metal by the continual application of the lips and foreheads of votaries, and it has been found necessary to protect the foot of the statue of the Saviour by Michael Angelo from similar injury by a brass bush.

A Mother Seal's Long Swim.

Ernest Whitehead captured a young seal near Anacapa island, California, and took him on board his ship. As the vessel started the mother seal was noticed swimming about, howling piteously. The little captive barked responsively. After reaching the wharf at Santa Barbara the captive was tied up in a jute sack and left loose on the deck. Soon after coming to anchor the seal responded to its mother's call by casting itself overboard, all tied up as it was in the sack. The mother seized the sack and with her sharp teeth tore it open. She had followed the sleep 50 miles.—Our Dumb Animals.

Just What He Wanted.

Greener—So you've given up drinking, have you, Uncle Rastus?

Uncle Rastus—Yes, sah; I ain't touched a drop in fo' weeks.

Greener—Well, you deserve a great deal of credit for that.

Uncle Rastus—Yes, sah; dat's jes' what I thinks, Mistah Brown. I wuz jes' game fer my 30' of 'ol' end trus' me fo' some greeneries.—Columbus (O.) State Journal.

One of the employments of Javanese women is to pick worms from the leaves of growing tobacco. They are put in bottles, which have to be shown in proof that the picker has earned her wages.

The Glory of Woman



is a free and beautiful land of hair, and nothing is more refreshing than to have this, the crowning glory of the face, become thin, gray or faded. It often prevents a woman from being as attractive as she would be if her hair were not only young, but also a social asset. Many a man has lost the opportunity of a desirable marriage simply because they have gray or faded hair.

Hair-Health

will remove every trace of grayness and baldness, and will positively restore gray or faded hair to its original color and condition. It is the only hair tonic that can be used by both men and women.

Hair-Health is a daily feeding draught, everywhere. It is a plan, simple and easy to use, by which you can supply your hair with the food it needs. It is not a dye, and it does not stain the hair. It is a tonic, and it makes the hair grow. It is a cure for all hair troubles. It is a cure for all hair troubles. It is a cure for all hair troubles.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED FREE

quickly at home by an inviolable device; helps cure all cases of deafness, tinnitus, and other ear troubles. It is a cure for all ear troubles. It is a cure for all ear troubles. It is a cure for all ear troubles.

MUSIC HALL.

F. W. HARTFORD, MANAGER.

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Wednesday, Feb. 14th.

The Little Sunbeam,

Ullie Akerstrom.

In the Roaring Farce, in 3 Acts, Adapted from the French Comedy, DR. SO-SO, by Miss Akerstrom.

The Doctor's Warm Reception

Replete with Interesting Specialties.

PTICES - - - 25, 35 & 50 CENTS.

Seats on Sale at Music Hall Box Office on Monday morning.

Elks' Benefit!

Saturday, Feb. 17th,

MATINEE AND EVENING.

IT'S UP TO YOU.

THE AL. G. FIELD

Greater Minstrels

An imperial programme, teeming with novelty, and sensational specialties from everywhere. It is the only great show in its line. Bigger and better than all others. The greatest indoor attraction of the day.

THE LARGEST MINSTREL COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

30—American Minstrels—30

10—European Specialists—10

20—Matchless Musicians—20

10—Great Comedians—10

12—Superb Singers—12

12—Splendid Dancers—12

See the big noonday parade. Hear the great concert band. Secure your seats in advance. Enjoy yourself.

Admission: Regular prices for the evening.

Matinee prices: Adults, 35, 50 and 75 cents.

Children under 12 years 25 cents. Children accompanying their parents will be entitled to reserved seats without extra charge. Matinee at 2 o'clock.

Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office three days in advance.

Works Swiftly

Wears Slowly

Remington

Standard Typewriter

The Remington is the strongest, simplest and easiest running writing machine on the market. It does not depend upon one or two features for recommendation, but for all-round, hard, constant work it has no equal.

The Remington is not best because it was first, but it is best because it is best. Illustrated catalogues of Remington Typewriters and Edison Mimeographs free.

WILLIAM J. KELLY,

3 PARKER SQUARE.

DIMOND'S

COLD IN THE HEAD

SNUFF.

Trade Mark.

Indicent street, Buffalo, N. Y.

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, K. G. R.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Charles F. Cole, N. C.; Fred Gardner, P. C.; Charles E. Oliver, V. C.; Geo. E. M. Smiley, N. C.; E. P. Gidney, H. R.; True W. Priest, H. of E.; Allison Phinney, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; James Kehoe, S. H.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 8, O. U. A. M.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, every other Thursday.

Officers—Fred Joslyn, C.; Arthur Woodsum, V. C.; Thomas D. Spinney, Jr., Ex-C.; James E. Harold, Sr., Ex-C.; Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank C. Langley, P. S.; Edward Voudy, I. P.; William P. Gardner, O. P.

PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, B. P. O. E.

Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.

Officers—True W. Priest, E. R.; H. B. Dow, T.; I. R. Davis, S.

BESOR SENATE, NO. 602, K. A. E. O.

Meets in Pythian Hall, Second and Fourth Fridays in each month.

Officers—Excellent Senator, E. H. Voudy; Sr. Seneschal, Andrew O. Caswell; Jr. Seneschal, Joseph C. Pettigrew; Sacerdos, E. W. Voudy; Sr. Vigilante, John E. Forbes; Jr. Vigilante, Chas. H. Magraw; Rec. Sec., James E. Harold; Fin. Sec., Andrew O. Caswell; Treas., N. A. Voudy; Warder, W. P. Gardner; Trustees, F. C. Langley, Fred Wood, Oren Bragdon.

CLEARANCE SALE.

\$2.00, \$2.25 and \$3.00 Boots for \$1.50

1.25 and 1.50 " " 1.00

1.00 " " .75

OXFORDS.

1.25 and 1.50 for 1.00

1.00 " " .75

Miss Heel, Button, 11 to 2.

1.25, 1

DEADLY PTOMAINES.

DANGERS THAT ALWAYS ATTEND POST MORTEM SURGERY.

The Form of Poisoning That Is Most Dreaded by Physicians Who Perform Autopsies—The Effect of the Virus Upon the Victim.

It is not generally known that a dead body is simply a mass of virulently poisonous matter almost immediately after death and long before apparent decomposition sets in. Every medical man knows this from his medical college days, for it is one of the stock warnings to medical students and one which they not infrequently disregard. Occasionally one pays the price of his carelessness with his life. There is probably no long established dissecting room in the country that hasn't in its records at least one such death. Sometimes the victim of the poison recovers.

Poisoning of this kind is from ptomaines which are present within a very brief period after life leaves the body. Skin taken from a dying person half an hour before death can be grafted on a patient and will grow and form healthy tissue. Skin from the same person half an hour after death might very likely kill the patient upon whom it was grafted. There is no form of blood poisoning considered by physicians to be more dangerous than poisoning by post mortem ptomaines.

The smallest prick or scratch will admit enough of the dead tissue to cause death. Often the wound is so minute that it is not noticed by the victim at the time. He goes about his business as usual for two or three days. Then he has a sudden chill, followed by fever. If he has any suspicion of the truth, he examines his arms carefully. On one of them he finds red lines indicating the lymphatic veins, the unmistakable symptom and usually the signature of his death warrant. All that remains for him to do is to send for the brother physician in whom he has the most confidence and hope that his constitution is strong enough to withstand the action of the ptomaines.

The septic action is very virulent, the arm and shoulder swell, high fever, with a temperature reaching to 106 or 107 degrees, follows, the swelling passes to the body, which becomes discolored, the red tracings of the ptomaines make a network over the skin, and a week or ten days after the venom has entered the life, the patient scratches the patient falls into a state of coma from which he never emerges.

A physician who has had many years of experience in medical colleges and the dissecting room, in speaking to a reporter of post mortem said:

"I have never failed, so far as I can remember, to warn students about using the utmost care in dissecting with their hands and wrists, so in all the medical schools there is a stringent rule against any person going into the dissecting room who has any kind of sore, scratch or cut on his hands, but all these precautions prove insufficient sometimes. Sewing up cadavers is one great source of danger. The dissector is likely to be hasty or clumsy with his needle and pricks himself. If he notices the prick he fails to notice it. He is originally careless, such the wound vigorously, for the ptomaines may be taken into the stomach without danger. Unless he is satisfied that he has got out all the septic matter he will cauterize freely. If he doesn't notice the wound until the symptoms make themselves known he will be fortunate if he gets off alive, for it is almost impossible to check the poison once it has fairly entered the system."

I recall a case several years ago which I attended. The patient was a young physician, Dr. C. of this city. While dissecting he scratched a finger of his right hand and immediately sucked the wound and washed it in antiseptics. Three days later his finger began to swell. He laid open the sore and cauterized it freely, but a day or two later signs of inflammation appeared along the lines of the lymphatic veins. The patient had already suffered from chills, fever and depression. I was called in and by the time I got there the hand and wrist were badly swollen and the swelling was extending up the arm. It got as far as the shoulder, and I had an extremely sick man on my hands. About all that could be done was to keep up the heart action with stimulants, and Dr. C.'s naturally strong constitution kept him up till the poison had run its course. His greatest fear was that he would rid itself of the poisonous matter, and for six months his life was made miserable with abscesses, but he recovered completely. In this respect he was more fortunate than another physician of my acquaintance who was poisoned by a cadaver through a banqueting. That was ten years ago, and he still has abscesses which he ascribes to the after effects of the ptomaines. I know of a number of other cases of post mortem poisoning which had fatal results. In fact, a large majority of these cases result fatally.

Another curious form of post mortem poisoning is a sort of warty excrescence which appears upon the hands of embalmers, morgue keepers and others who habitually handle dead bodies and is known scientifically as verruca necrogena. It is very difficult to root out in some cases, but in others it is a ptomaine poisoning, as the chills, fever and swelling of this poisoning follow its spread. Only less dangerous than poisoning from a dead body is poisoning from the dead tissue of a live person, though the septic process is different. Physicians operating upon gangrened limbs are obliged to exercise the greatest care. Not long ago a Brooklyn doctor while thus operating and bending over the affected part got a drop of blood from the inner part of his nose. Despite all his precautions the organ soon became sore and began to swell. In a short time it was as big as his fist. Another physician was called in to treat him, and after a week, during which time his life hung on the question of whether the poison would tend upward to the brain or not, the patient was informed that his life would be saved, but his nose would have to go. He heaved a sigh of relief, and the poison subsided, leaving that organ as good as new except for one small scar.—New York Sun.

The Peculiar Chinese.

In China when an honor is conferred on a family it is the ancestors and not the descendants who share the glory. If a Chinaman for his merits receives a title of nobility, his son can never inherit it or have the right to use any but an inferior title. Thus the nobility in the family goes on diminishing from generation to generation till it finally becomes extinct.

A CHAMPAGNE CORK.

It Costs More Than the Wine That Is In the Bottle.

To the average lover of champagne the apparent climax of value is in the fizzy fluid itself. Bottle, cork and label are merely accessories. Yet the fact remains that the original cost of the wine is relatively trifling, and the most expensive part of the whole affair, leaving out the cost of the export labor expended in "ripening" the vintage, is the despoiled and swollen cork. The cork stands for more than the first cost of the wine plus the value of the bottle, wire, label and wrappings. The cork costs 25 cents. All the rest only foots up a fraction under 18 cents.

The champagne cork is the finest bark that is grown. The texture must be flawless or the life of the wine will be lost. Then its peculiar shape requires that it shall be fashioned by hand. No machine has yet been invented that will satisfy the champagne cork connoisseur as well as the deft work of nimble fingers. This expensiveness of skill and time combines with equal care to make these particular bottle stoppers cheap at a quarter apiece.

The young wine, on the contrary, when it goes into the bottle is cheap—16 cents a quart. The value and the flavor come with age. Countless times the bottles must be turned carefully and gently before the juice of the grape is fit to tickle the palate of an epicure.

There is a wonderful city in France, the suburban city of Epervigny, into whose silent streets no ray of sunshine ever steals, where the wine is stored to ripen, guarded as jealously as if it were gold and handled as tenderly as if it were human. Miles and miles of streets are hewn out of the chalky soil and cemented with millions and millions of champagne bottles of all blends and vintages left there to ripen. When the bottles are sent to the underground cellars, the cork was king by virtue of its cost. When they return to the world of light and life, the cork has become insignificant in comparison with the wine.

Winemakers frequently pay good prices for corks bearing their mark, thus enabling themselves to gauge accurately the esteem in which various vintages are held by the public.

Champagne corks, too, have a special value in the toilet. Their fine texture makes them peculiarly available in treating the skin with powders or similar applications, and the Parisian or Viennese belle whose toilet set does not contain an assortment of champagne corks is rare. The finest and most perfect specimens only are used for this purpose, and they retail readily at the equivalent of 50 cents each.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

SHOOTING STARS.

Thousands of Them Flash Through Space Every Twenty-Four Hours.

Shooting stars are only little masses of matter—bits of rock or metal or clouddlets of dust and gas—which are flying unresisted through space just as planets and comets do, in paths which, within the limits of our solar system, are controlled by the attraction of the sun. They move with a speed of several miles a second, far exceeding that of any military projectile, but are too small to be seen by us except when they enter our atmosphere, and, becoming intensely heated by the resistance they encounter, light up and burn for a moment; for, to use Lord Kelvin's expression, a body rushing through the air at such an enormous velocity is during its flight continually "hammered" by a blowing flame, having a temperature comparable with that of an electric arc. As a rule, they are completely consumed in the upper air, so that nothing reaches the surface of the earth except perhaps a little ash, settling slowly as an imperceptible "smoke." Occasionally, however, some mass larger than usual survives in part the fiery ordeal, and its fragments fall to the ground as specimens of the material of "other worlds than ours."

The total number of these flying pebbles in interplanetary space must be enormous, though estimates differ rather widely. An ordinary observer under ordinary circumstances will average about eight an hour in a clear, moonless sky. Schmidt of Athens, however, in the clear Grecian air, nearly doubles the number and reckons about 15 to the hour for a single observer. It is found also that one person is able to note about one-sixth of all that are visible at his station by a party of observers sufficiently large to watch the entire heavens minutely. If, therefore, we accept the estimate of Schmidt, it appears that about 2,200 must ordinarily come within the range of vision at any given station every 24 hours, though of course those that fall in the daytime cannot be seen.—Professor C. A. Young in Lippincott's.

A Much Abused Word.

The Chicago Tribune observes: "Writers should save the time of readers by abandoning 'very' and giving an overworked word a rest for a few years. It has earned that rest. That word as an adverb is found less than 20 times in the King James translation of the Bible. The rarity of its use makes it count for all the more when utilized. When it is said that 'the man Moses was very meek,' one understands that he was meek beyond the custom of the Israelites of his day. When St. James says 'the Lord is very pitiful,' the 'very' is full of significance. But if the good and the bad deeds, the cruel and the heroic acts recorded in the Bible were to be described by most writers of the day there would be a 'very' in almost every line."

Japanese Silent Recluses.

There is a community of female recluses at a place called Yunakawa, about seven miles from Hakodate. A nation of some 500 years presides, and her instructions are implicitly obeyed. The women are all young, ranging from 16 to 27, and some of them are described as very beautiful. The building stands in a farm of some 250 acres, but the women do not engage in any agricultural work. They spend most of their time indoors, reading the Bible, and they appear to observe a strict rule of silence.—Yokohama Mail.

The Sun Did It.

"I didn't know Boxer was so bow-legged." "He wasn't until a few days ago. He went to sleep in the sun, and that wadded leg of his warped."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

In the reign of James I water was supplied by two or three conduits in the principal streets of London, and the river and suburban springs were the sources of supply.

Arnach is said to be the apple orchard of Ireland.

LOVE'S COMING.

She had looked for his coming as warriors come, With the clash of arms and the bugle's call, But he came instead with stealthy tread, That she did not hear at all.

She had thought how his armor would blaze in the sun, As he rode like a prince to claim his bride, In the sweet dim light of the falling night, She found him at her side.

She had dreamed how the gaze of his strange, bold eye Would wake her heart to a sudden glow, She found in his face the familiar glow Of a friend she used to know.

She dreamed how his coming would stir her soul, As the ocean is stirred by the wind's stormy strife, He brought her the calm of a heavenly calm And a peace that crowned her life.

—Edna Wheeler Wilcox.

OLD TIME SHOE BUCKLES.

An Eighteenth Century Craze Which Was Picturesque and Costly.

Once on a time your shoe was nothing without the buckle. Indeed it was a case of the "tail wagging the dog," for the buckle was the attraction and the shoe but the accompaniment. Be it observed that at first, however, it was not the size but the costliness of the buckle which was conspicuous. Thus among royalties, people of high rank and those who were the glass of fashion and the mold of form at court were diamonds. Needless to say that then, as now, those who desired to imitate them wore paste buckles, happy perhaps in that self-complacency which imagines nobody else shrewd enough to estimate possibilities.

In 1720 a leader of fashion would wear a full flowing curled wig reaching in ringlets half way down back and arms, a laced coat cut straight, with buttons put on in every possible place—thereby, by the way, affording a remarkable similarity to the "peaches" of the popular wig of date costermongers—and a sword, black shoes, with an enormous flap on the instep, high heels and on the flap a small but brilliant buckle. Next to the buckle of brilliants came that of gold. Rich landowners and equally rich merchants, men whose reputation for being "warm"—or, in the recent Alsatian fashionable slang, "rhinoceer"—a quite obsolete synonym for moneyed—wore gold buckles larger than the diamonds ones, but still small in proportion to the flaps.

Your thriving shopkeepers wore buckles of silver and your opulent farmers those of shining steel, and the poorer classes had buckles of brass or iron, but of some material every one wore buckles on the shoes. Indeed so wide reaching was the depreciation in the buckle makers' work when, at the epoch of the French revolution, people in general followed "Roland the Just's" example and took to shoe ribbons that the buckle makers actually, in their desperation, petitioned George III and parliament that shoe ribbons should be forbidden under penalties, clamoring for a renewal of the sumptuary laws of Plantagenet and Tudor, with an apparent inability to read the signs of the time. A spasmodic attempt was made by the princes and their entourage to benefit the buckle makers by wearing buckles as ostentatiously as possible, but ribbons, decidedly far more picturesque, though much more practical, carried the day.—Gentleman's Magazine.

She Knew Her Business.

As the South Side "L" train reached Twelfth street the other evening it was boarded by a curious feminine figure, clad in shabby attire. As is the custom with so many women, she backed up against the door, her bright eyes in the parchment-like skin scanning the passengers. At the next station a man left the train, and his seat was quietly taken by some one standing near. The old woman hesitated a moment, then the best of her came nearest her and asked, "If you please, ma'am, will you tell me where yer goin' to get off?"

The woman addressed looked surprised, but answered, "Why, at Forty-third street."

"And you, ma'am?" she asked the next woman, who had been an interested listener.

"I get off at Fifty-first street. But why do you want to know?"

"Shure, I only want to stand in front of the wan who's goin' to get off first, so I won't lose the seat!"

It is needless to say that she immediately got a place.—Chicago News.

A Picture of Your Voice.

To take a picture of your voice it is only necessary to tie a sheet of thin, strong paper over the end of a tin snuff box, hold it with the sheet of paper upward, take a thin pinch of fine powder and place it in the center of the paper, hold the trumpet vertically above your face and sing a note into the lower end. Do not blow, but sing the note. Lower the trumpet carefully and look at the sand.

You will find that the vibrations of your voice have scattered the pinch of sand into a beautiful sound picture. Every note in the musical scale will produce a different picture, so you may produce a great variety of them. Some of these pictures look like pansies, roses and other flowers; some look like snakes and others like flying birds; in fact, there is no limit to the variation.—Kansas City Independent.

All Kinds of Hair.

Ida—Do you remember that girl who went to see a gypsy and asked what kind of hair her future husband would have? May—Yes.

Ida—And the gypsy said she was all about balded; that the cards indicated he would have hair of every shade imaginable.

May—Yes.

Ida—Well, the fortune came true. She has just married a dealer in wigs.—Chicago News.

Why She Held on to It.

Mrs. Wilful—My husband told me if I didn't like the brooch you'd exchange it for me.

Jeweler—Certainly, madam. I'll be only too glad, as four different ladies of your set wanted it.—Jeweler's Weekly.

Makes Breakfast Pleasant.

New Cook—What does your husband like for his breakfast, ma'am?

Mrs. Growells—Oh, he likes anything we haven't got.—Chicago News.

In one respect the automobile is at a disadvantage compared with the horse—it can't be expected to be more intelligent than its driver.—Detroit Tribune.

Some people are like phonographs and have a record for repeating everything you say to them.—Kansas City Star.

SHORE MANNERS BAD.

Captain Singlewhip Wishes He Could Teach Landlubbers Some Things.

"I knew a man," said Captain Singlewhip as he warped to the lee of the ship's bow, who was negotiating for the grog. "I knew a man in Calcutta who killed a man because he insisted upon using mustard with his rice. He was unreasonable. But since I have lucked off going to sea and have cruised alongshore among some of these landlubbers I feel like committing justifiable homicide myself. The drybobs seem to rub me the wrong way. The other night I set off on a voyage up Broadway. It was as black as Welch in the lower hold, except for the electric beacons at the street corners winked their friendly rays. 'I don't know why I never noticed it before, but aloft on every other building the house flags were flying, and there were ensigns up there in plenty too.'"

"If there is anything that makes me hot in the collar it is to see a flag, especially a national one, flying at night. I never saw one at sea, save on one occasion. That was when a pack of Italian lions abandoned their craft and didn't know enough etiquette to haul their colors down. There is something uncanny to sailor folk in the sight of a flag flying by night. I don't know why, but it just freezes my blood. I felt so mad the particular night of which I speak that if I had had a hatchet or a crowbar I would have knocked in a few of the lower gangways that they call decks and climbed aloft to teach the landlubbers a few lessons in good manners. I know an American flag up on Washington Heights that the Sons of Daughters of the Revolution placed on a liberty pole. That flag hasn't been lowered at night in years. I have heard old sailors swear over the neglect many times."

Another thing that makes me find fault with the landlubbers is that they do not know how to walk along the sidewalks. It is with the greatest delight that they cross your bows, or give you a poke in the ribs with their elbows, or walk all over your feet. I say that if shore people were to sit down for a few hours and study the rules of the road as provided for the sea there would be less confusion on Broadway and the big streets during the busy hours. Red to the left or right side to left side when passing in opposite directions would be a golden rule on the land, as it is on the deep. And the fellow who does the most colliding on the street is the chap who says, 'Let us go up stairs' when he gets aboard ship. He is the same chap, too, who blocks the door of the business man's offices when he wants to have a friendly chat with a green landlubber like himself. Blocking a gangway aboard ship is an unpardonable offense. I repeat that I don't stand indorsement to the man in Calcutta who killed that lascar. He was a crank. But I do wish we had a few more like him in this big metropolitan city.—New York Mail and Express.

What We Do.

Ignorant or cultured, playing on the miner's vocabulary of 200 words or on the university professor's thesaurus of many thousands, it appears that we let fall 11,800,000 words between January and December.

Every year we shake hands about 1,200 times, expending on the ceremony a force sufficient to raise a locomotive weighing 80 tons. We accomplish, in the year, 94,000,000 times per year and represents the consumption of energy capable of lifting a weight of 51 pounds.

Turning to the division of our time, it is found that a normal man living 70 years has spent no less than 24 years, 9 months and 15 days asleep and 11 years and 8 months at work. His recreation has occupied exactly the same length of time as his work.

He has passed 5 years and 10 months in moving about and the same space of time in the operation of feeding. His toilet has occupied 2 years and 11 months. Two years and 11 months also pass in doing nothing or in little things that are not easily classed.

The surprise is the estimate that a man passes exactly the same time in thinking as in speaking—one year five months and a half. Which gives one a new idea of the value that ought to be attached to every man's utterances.—Collier's Weekly.

An Unpleasant Memory Recalled.

A prominent official tells this story, which, he says, he got from a drummer. The pastor of a colored congregation, he relates, was warning up to the climax of a sermon, and his auditors were waxing warm, when he suddenly exclaimed: "I wahnus yer, O my congregashun!"

exclaimed the exhorter—"I wahnus yer against de sin uv crap shootin'! I wahnus yer against de sin uv whiskey drinkin'! de sin uv chicken raisin, an I wahnus yer, my breddren, against de sin uv uelion stealin'!"

A devout worshiper in the rear of the church jumped to his feet and snatched the fugitive exhorter by the collar.

"Whiffo' does yer, my brudder, 'ra' up an snup yer fingers when I speaks uv uelion stealin'?" asked the preacher.

"Kase yer jes' minds me whar I let mah overcoat," replied the devout worshiper as he subsided into his seat.—Memphis Scimitar.

The Self-Respecting Dog.

No self-respecting dog will bite a female except in the extreme need of self defense, though I am not sure that the lady herself, as a rule, has no scruple whatever about punishing to the full extent of her power any individual of the opposite sex that happens to be inferior to her in size or strength, and indeed, like the woman in the crowded bus, she is inclined to demand her privileges as rights. A vivacious female will make more trouble for a pack of hounds than any three of the sterner sex, for when ever disgruntled she hasn't the slightest reserve about speaking out at once, and, as her cause is extremely likely to be championed upon general principles by some chivalrous male, a free fight is frequently the result.—Contemporary Review.

Hears Them In Mind.

Wiggs—He's very charitable, isn't he? Wiggs—Who, Pincher? Wiggs—Yes. He says he always remembers the poor.

Wiggs—Well, that's all. It's a matter of memory.—Philadelphia Catholic Standard.

Matches.

Before 1823, when wooden matches with phosphorus were made in Vienna, people were dependent upon flint and steel to secure a light. For many years people refused to use them, but by 1848 the ill-smelling and clumsy old tinder boxes were generally discarded.

FINE WHITE SHIRTS.

High Prices Paid by Some Men For This Item of Apparel.

A man can buy a good, well-made, well-fitting white shirt for \$1; he can buy other white shirts for less than that, and then he can get shirts made to order at any price he wishes to pay up to \$10 each. He can find establishments where the lowest priced white shirt kept in stock sells at \$2.50 and where the lowest priced shirt made to order is sold at \$4, or \$4.5 a dozen. A shirt of this sort would have a body of the best domestic cotton and a plain linen bosom. It would be simply a fine, handsome, well-made shirt, and probably more than 50 per cent of the shirts sold here would be of that price and description, the other 40 per cent or so being shirts finer still. At \$5.50, for example, or at \$6 with the collar attached, could be had a shirt with a body of French muslin and a bosom of pique of very fine quality. The patterns of the pique are likely to be rather simple than otherwise in design, and the shirts are made sometimes with the lines of pique running vertically in the bosom and sometimes with the lines horizontal. Subdued in effect as the pattern is, the pique bosomed shirt might nevertheless seem to some men rather fanciful, but there can be no doubt that many of the fine shirts of this character are thoroughly artistic productions. A shirt of this kind, as it comes from the hands of the expert maker, with the delicate pique pattern showing faintly in absolutely faultless lines upon a bosom so ironed that it has a slight convexity of outline and the perfect uniformity of a shield, is certainly an object that is agreeable to the eye.

Pique bosomed shirts are worn chiefly by young men. Of all the higher priced dress shirts, such as are here referred to, taken together, perhaps 25 per cent would be made with pique bosoms, 75 per cent being made with plain linen bosoms.

A shirt that sells at \$9, or \$10.5 a dozen, is made with a body of figured linen batiste, with an extra fine linen bosom, the collar and cuffs are attached. All the materials of which this shirt is made are fine and sheer and beautiful and very light. A completed shirt of this sort, unlaundered, weighs less than four ounces.

All fine dress shirts such as are here mentioned are invariably made with cuffs attached, but not always with collar attached, and it was not necessary that they should be, and yet it was said that if the wearer desired to attain the acme of perfection in his apparel and to be able to withstand any scrutiny he had his shirts made with collar as well as cuffs attached.

Men that wear shirts of these sorts buy four or five dozen of them a year or perhaps more. They don't wear them after signs of wear appear, and the shirts go often to the laundry, which helps to wear them out. It is a common thing for men ordering such shirts to order, say, two dozen at a time, having one dozen perhaps sent to their country house and one dozen to their city house, and the purchasers of goods of this kind are not confined to customers from this city and neighborhood; they are to be found in all parts of the land.—New York Sun.

Burying a Rattlesnake Alive.

It would not seem a very easy thing to bury a snake alive, but that is what a traveler through western Indian Territory saw some prairie dogs do. The story is told in Forest and Stream. The traveler was resting under a tree when he noticed a commotion among some dogs near him. They would run up to a certain spot, peep at something and then scamper back. Looking more closely, he saw 15 to 20 dogs about a rattlesnake, which presently went into one of the dogs' holes.

No sooner had it disappeared than the little fellows began to push in dirt, evidently to fill up the hole. By the time they had pretty well covered the entrance the snake stuck his head up through the dirt, and every dog scampered off to a safe distance, all the time barking.

The snake slowly crawled to another hole about a rod distant and went in. Then forward came the dogs again, and all went to work to push up earth to the hole. This time they succeeded and completely covered the entrance. This done, they proceeded to beat the earth down, using their noses to pound it with. When it was quite hard, they went away. The traveler examined their work and was surprised to find that they had packed the earth in solid with their noses and had sealed the snake inside.

Brought Her a Fortune.

A short time ago a man died in Brussels leaving nearly his entire fortune to a young woman who was entirely unacquainted with him. This is how it came to pass. He was a very eccentric man and set out, like Diogenes, in search of an honest man. His tub was an omnibus and his lantern a small coin.

In the omnibus he took his seat every day near the conductor and always showed himself very obliging in passing up the money of passengers and returning the change, but to the latter he always managed to add a franc or a half franc. Then he would watch those to whom it came. They would count it carefully, notice the extra coin and invariably slip it into their pockets. No one thought of the poor conductor, whose meager salary of only 2 francs a day could ill support such a loss.

But at last a young woman passed her back, with, "Conductor, you have given me half a franc too much." Diogenes, delighted, followed her home, made inquiries, made his will in her favor, though he never gave her warning that her half franc was going to bring her \$300,000.—Columbian.

What Is Education?

Herbert Spencer tells us in one short, pregnant sentence that the function of education is to prepare us for complete living.

A true chord is touched by Sydney Smith when he urges the importance of happiness as an aid to education. He says, "If you make children happy now, you make them happy 20 years hence by the memory of it."

Equally wise are the words of Sir John Lubbock: "Knowledge is a pleasure as well as a power. It should lead us all to try with Milton to behold the bright countenance of truth in the still air of study."

A Pretty Strong Hint.

They had been engaged to be married 15 years, and still he had not mustered up courage enough to ask her to name the happy day.

One evening he called in a peculiar frame of mind and asked her to sing something tender and touching, something that would "move him."

She sat down at the piano and sang, "Darling, I Am Growing Old."

Seven Sutherland Sisters

HAIR GROWER should be used by every woman, man and child desiring a rich, soft, lustrous appearance of the hair. It furnishes just the right stimulation to the hair bulbs and encourages the natural flow of hair moisture. It prevents dandruff and premature gray hairs. It is the most refreshing, cooling and invigorating dressing that can be obtained.

If your dealer cannot supply you, write to us and we will see to it that you are supplied.

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OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Have just completed a new system for bottling the

-OLD INDIA-PALE ALE-

It is bright and sparkling and has a nice creamy taste, and is prescribed by the doctors for many ailments for nervous people. Many people who are weak and that a glass taken at night secures them a continuing and refreshing sleep. As a tonic for ladies and invalids it has no equal.

Directions:—One small glass full four times a day, before eating and going to bed.

It is a food as well as a medicine. It is bottled by the Newfields Bottling Co. only.

It is put up in cases of two dozen pints.

For further particulars write to the

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From New York, West and South, 10:00 a. m., 5:50 p. m. Boston, 10:30 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 5:30, 6:40 p. m. All points East, 7:30 a. m., 3:00, 9:00 p. m. Portland and way stations, 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 3:00, 6:30, 9:00 p. m. White Mountains, 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:00, 3:00 p. m. Concord and way stations, 10:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m. North Conway and way stations, 11:00 a. m., 5:30, 9:30 p. m. Sanbornville, 8:30, 11:00 a. m., 6:30 p. m. White Mountains, 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:00, 3:00 p. m. Kittery and York, 11:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m. Eliot, 11:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m. Sundays, 4:00 p. m.

MAILS CLOSE.

For Boston, West and South, 7:45, 10:25 a. m., 4:55, 6:50 p. m. Boston and way stations, 10:25 a. m., 1:50, 6:50 p. m. All points East, 9:25 a. m., 1:50, 7:00 p. m. Portland and way stations, 9:25 a. m., 1:50, 4:55, 7:00 p. m. Concord and points North, 8:00, 9:25 a. m., 6:20, 4:45, 6:50 p. m. Manchester and way stations, 8:00, 12:30 a. m., 4:55 p. m. North Conway and way stations, 9:25 a. m., Sanbornville, 9:25, 10:25 a. m., 1:50 p. m. White Mountains, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 a. m., 1:50, 4:55, 7:00 p. m. Newmarket, 10:30 a. m., 4:15 p. m. Newington, 10:25 a. m. Kittery and York, 10:25 a. m., 5:

SPECIAL Stock-Taking Sale For One Week. BIG BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS. LEWIS R. STAPLES, 7 Market Street.

A DRUGGIST

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Not only must have a complete knowledge of drugs, but to sell pure drugs he must know their adulterations; he must know just what to look for. We have that knowledge. We sell pure drugs and are careful.

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My facilities for placing Fire Insurance in companies of established reputation are not excelled in this state.

TOBEY'S Real Estate Agency, 32 Congress Street,

The scarcity and continued high price of Havana tobacco has had no effect on the quantity of

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10 CENT CIGARS.
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TELEPHONE 1-2.

SALE AND LIVERY BUSINESS.

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, FEB. 13, 1900.

A ROUND OF THE CLUBS.

The regular monthly meeting of the P. A. C. was held on Monday evening. Vice President Simpson presiding in the absence of President Ward. One member was admitted on the active list and two non resident members were transferred to the associate list. Following the business meeting, steam claims were served in the basement.

J. M. Washburn was in Boston on Saturday and purchased a pocketable for the Yacht club. The table is a brand new one, made by J. E. Came & Co. It will arrive and be set up on Thursday.

The Athletic club has lost two of its most popular members within a fortnight, in Messrs. Tilton and Cotton. The former is now on his long journey to Manila and the latter has removed to St. Louis. They will be missed, but there are plenty of good fellows left down there yet.

The rooms of the Piscataqua club are just now in a chaotic state, and pool and whist are not in it. When the debris has finally been cleared away, however, and the painters and paperers have completed their jobs, the club will have quarters to which the members can invite their friends with pardonable pride.

There is nothing in particular on the tapis at the Warwick club, but the atmosphere of jollity and sociability is by no means lacking there. The rooms are never dull after the shadows fall and the electric flame forth.

The controversy over the standing of the leading teams in the Warner club's whist tournament continues. Drake and Tucker maintain that they hold first percentage, because they have played more game than Mathes and Dunbar, while the latter insist as strongly that they are topnotchers. The issue forms a prominent topic of discussion in the club rooms.

Down at the Yacht club a merry group can be found about every evening. The boys are already beginning to discuss the coming season of favoring winds, pleasant blue seas and fluttering sails, and are outlining general plans for the summer months. The club will have a big levy of craft in the water.

The Maplewoods are right in it this winter, in the athletic line. Besides having a bowling team and crack hockey team, they also boast of a basketball aggregation. To the sorrow of the club, though, neither of these combinations has been favored with very brilliant luck, so far.

POLICE NEWS.

The rain drove two wanderers into the station on Monday night for lodging.

The members of the department are taking considerable interest in the workings of the Police Relief association at Manchester.

Two drunks were booked at the station Monday night. Both were brought in by Officer Shannon in the afternoon. One is a marine and the other a tin-smith.

OAT RACE.

Quite a crowd of sports gathered on the North pond, Monday afternoon, to witness the oat race.

Four horses started and Ted Sheppard's Gray Bird showed his superiority by winning the first, second and fourth heats, giving him the race.

Eugene McCue won the third heat. The contestants were as follows: Harry Beauchamp, Henry McCue, Eugene McCue and Edwin Sheppard.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the fifteenth inst., the hours of labor for the navy yard workmen will be changed to the summer arrangement, when the hours will be from eight in the morning, until twelve o'clock noon, and from one until five o'clock in the afternoon.

SELECT DANCING PARTY.

Pierce hall was the scene of a merry gathering Monday night, the occasion being a select dancing party given by Messrs. R. D. McDonough and Joseph Stackpole. There were about thirty couples present. The music was furnished by Miss Irma Wells.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Joseph H. Gardiner will be held at the home at 11 o'clock on Wednesday forenoon. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

BRACMAN'S PILLS for Stomach and Liver.

THE STORM. Heavy Rain Follows the Drizzle and Washes the City.

The slow, dismal drizzle of yesterday developed about twelve o'clock Monday night into a furious storm of wind and rain, which continued with unabated violence all through the early hours of the morning and far into the day. It was the heaviest rain of the year, thus far, and caused the piles of snow and ice, which had encumbered the streets, yards and gutters to disappear with magical swiftness. The streets this morning were inches deep in mud and many of them had developed into veritable rivers, and there were a number of small washouts reported, although no serious damage has been done, beyond the partial filling of a number of cellars in various parts of the city. So heavily was it storming at 7.45, that the "no school" signal was sounded on the fire alarm, thus giving the students in the different schools an unexpected but probably not unwelcome holiday.

At the railroad station the report was given out that the storm had up to this time caused no damage of any kind along the line of the Boston & Maine, and all trains had been practically on time. At the stores almost no business was done this forenoon, and the merchants are anxiously awaiting the clearing of the skies, and are praying at the same time for colder and more seasonable weather.

At 12.45 p. m., it was again necessary to sound the "no school" signal, for an afternoon session. The wind was howling from the southeast and it was as nasty on the streets as at any time during the day. Only those who found it necessary to be out, ventured into the soaking rain.

It was quiet along the coast, although it was reported to be very rough outside. A message from the Jerry's Point station to the Herald this afternoon said that not a sail was in sight from the lookout.

POLICE COURT.

Spirituous Liquor Case and One Drunk Before Judge Emery.

There was a session of police court this morning, when Judge Emery presided.

Daniel Cronin, a marine, was arraigned on a complaint of drunkenness on Market square and pleaded guilty. He was acting rather freaky at the time of his arrest and was ordered to pay a fine of \$10 and costs of \$6.00. He said he had rather go to jail than pay the fine and the court issued a mittimus to commit him to the county house.

The proprietress of the White Hart hotel on Russell street was also before the court charged with keeping for sale spirituous liquor, on the complaint of a man who said he had been robbed there on Monday night. She was found guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$50 with costs of \$6.90 attached. The man who issued the complaint says that he will have the place raided every day until the money he claims to have lost there, has been returned to him.

BOWLING.

At the local alleys on Monday evening the Knights of Columbus won from the Kearsarge team of the inter-city league. Following is the score:

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.			
G. Kirvan.....	85	73	73-231
J. H. Kirvan.....	92	85	86-263
Moynahan.....	83	79	81-243
R. A. Kirvan.....	67	68	75-230
Lyons.....	84	74	92-250
411 399 407 1217			

KEARSARGE.			
Manson.....	82	80	80-242
Frizzell.....	73	87	73-233
Dane.....	91	63	77-234
Shaw.....	61	73	81-215
Campbell.....	65	77	69-211
385 380 380 1135			

HONORED LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY.

The Austin-Lincoln association met on Monday evening at the residence of Mrs. Jasper Grant on Park street. There was an appropriate program in honor of the birthday of Abraham Lincoln, one of the features of the evening being an address by Prof. William Allen. There was singing by the members of the association, reading by Miss Rita Tilley, and dancing, after which there was a supper served by Messrs. James Spencer and Henry Hector.

STOCKHOLDERS TO MEET.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Portsmouth Gas, Electric Light & Power company at the office on Pleasant street at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when some questions of importance will be acted upon.

Curea croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

CITY BRIEFS. It has been a dull day at the stores. See that your name is on the check list.

A meeting of the board of registrars is due today.

The local Building and Loan association is booming.

The appearance of the sea would be gladly welcomed.

They are still playing duplicate whist at the Athletic club.

The pupils of Miss Moses held a rehearsal on Monday.

Good sleighing is reported in the upper parts of the state.

A basket ball league here is among the possibilities this spring.

The Red Men initiated a number of candidates on Monday evening.

A few flags were out on Monday, in honor of Lincoln's birthday anniversary.

Conner, photographer studio, (formerly Nickerson's,) No. 1 Congress street.

The democrats claim that Mayor Calvin Page will be a candidate for reelection.

Popular prices have been announced for the engagement of Miss Akerstrom at Music hall.

The sale of rubbers and overshoes ought to have been large during the past few days.

The Knights of Columbus have a firm clinch on first place in the city bowling league.

There is no more popular actress with Portsmouth people than Miss Ullie Akerstrom.

The "S. G." Londres is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten cent cigar in the market.

Dan Mahaney shipped a dozen colts from the Maplewood farm to New York on Monday evening.

Lincoln day was quite generally observed in the public schools by recitations and songs.

The republican ward committees should get together and map out a united plan of campaign.

Another rumor that Ladysmith had been taken gained quite a lot of credence about town Monday night.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist church held a business meeting on Monday afternoon.

There is considerable activity in secret society circles just at present, with anniversaries, initiations, etc.

Rubber heels become very popular and John G. Mott is fitting out the local public with an excellent article.

A string of horses from the Maplewood farm racing stable will be sold at auction in New York today, Tuesday.

Rev. Robert L. Dustin lectured on Lincoln at the Pearl street church on Monday evening, before an audience of fair size.

The Warner whist tournament will probably be completed by the end of the week, as only eight or nine games remain to be decided.

There is seldom a day or night now that a train loaded with Aroostook potatoes does not pass through here from Portland for Boston.

Rev. George E. Lighthouse, pastor of the Universalist church, lectured on Lincoln before the Maj. Buzzell camp, Sons of Veterans, in Dover, Monday evening.

The Austin-Lincoln association held a supper at the home of Mrs. Grant on Park street on Monday evening in commemoration of the birth of Abraham Lincoln.

Regular meeting of Damon Lodge, No. 9, Knights of Pythias, will be held this Tuesday evening, and the second degree will be given to a well-known professional gentleman.

The advance sale of seats for Miss Ullie Akerstrom's engagement which were placed on sale Monday, was the largest of the season with one exception. She will attract a large audience.

The item in this paper a few days ago to the effect that the county commissioners had overdrawn their appropriation for the year, was incorrect. The item should have stated overseers of the poor.

Waiting for the car was unpleasant business this morning, but when we reflect that a year ago we should have been forced to walk down town, no matter what the weather might be, we are not inclined to find fault with present conditions.

The socialist party in this city is making a strong effort to make a showing at the coming election and already have a ticket nominated.

Papers are being circulated in an effort to obtain the necessary number of signers for representation on the ballot.

The management of the Portsmouth, Kittery & York street railway expect that the extension of the road to St. Aspinquid park the coming summer will be highly beneficial to the line. The park, under the management of the company, will be boomed and made most attractive.

THE DOCTOR'S WARM RECEPTION.

Who doesn't enjoy a good laugh? "Laugh and grow fat," is the saying. It is therefore not out of order to hint that perhaps the rotundity of popular Gas Ikenard, who represents the managerial portion of The Doctor's Warm Reception, is due to laughter on his part from witnessing night after night the comical situations of the comedy he presents. The heavy weights of out of town are expected to turn out en masse, as they are generally the greatest fan lovers.

AL. G. FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

The Al. G. Field Greater Minstrels, who play here on Saturday, are noted for the many interesting features of their performance. In addition to the big minstrel bill, they have a list of specialties which would make an evening's entertainment. This popular company is larger and better than ever before. The people have confidence in Field and his popular show. His success is deserved. For fifteen years he has ascended the ladder of fame, each succeeding year presenting a better show than the preceding season. It is no surprise to see him at the head of the line as a caterer to the public. Dan Quinlan, the Chesterfield of modern minstrelsy, is again at the helm with the Field minstrels. Mr. Quinlan is possibly the best known interloper in the profession.

"MAM'ZELLE 'AWKINS."

It is with a great deal of pardonable pride that the Columbia theatre management announces the new musical comedy, Mam'zelle 'Awkins, for next week, not only because it is one of the best productions of the season, but also because it will be viewed by Boston audiences even before it has appeared in New York. Manager Alfred E. Aarons of the Musical Comedy company has gathered together an exceptionally strong cast, in whom are recognized some of Boston's greatest favorites, including Paula Edwards, Richard Carle, Mamie Gilroy, Margaret Sylva, Mrs. McKee Rankin, Rose and Nellie Beaumont, Hattie Delaro, George Carhart, Maude Homans, Etienne Garadot, George C. Boniface, Jr., Will Armstrong, Spitz Edwards, Charles Danby, Jean Caskie and Effie Fay, while the chorus of pretty and vivacious chorus girls adds brilliancy to the stage effect. The scene is laid at a private hotel at Eastbourne, Eng., and the action covers a period of 24 hours. Lord Bobby Belford has just married Janet Atherton, and has come to Eastbourne to escape his creditors, his only hope being to stave them off until the death of his uncle. Numerous complications ensue, until the death of Uncle Roderick straightens matters out. Among the musical features are a physical culture number in act one, a coon song and cakewalk, executed by principals and chorus, a stirring march finale to act second, and a very picturesque number in act third entitled "The Fox Hunt."

On Monday, Feb. 19, George W. Lederer's greatest New York Casino success, The Rounders, with the original incomparable cast and company of 100, will open at the Columbia.

THE GIRL WITH THE AUBURN HAIR.

What Sag Harbor, The Old Homestead, and other similar plays, are to the regular dramatic stage, the act at present being exploited in vaudeville under the caption, "The Girl with the Auburn Hair," is to the variety stage. It is well named "a sermon in song," and there is no doubt its influence will be as effectual, as some of the less theatrical sermons. The act is a difficult one to adequately describe, and it is perhaps best done by George T. Richardson, the able critic of the Boston Traveler, as follows:—

"The performance of The Girl with the Auburn Hair, has merit. It is unusually in both selection and execution, and excellent taste is manifested in the novel utilization of the resources of stage art. The nameless young woman is a pleasant voiced singer, whose mezzo soprano voice has a rich contralto quality in its middle and lower registers, and possesses a range and breadth surpassing that of the ordinary vaudeville vocalist. Her two songs are 'The Holy City,' a sacred composition calculated to appeal to the popular taste and long familiar to vaudeville patrons, and Gounod's 'Ave Maria,' with an epilogue of 'Nearer My God, to Thee.' Sung as well as they were yesterday these songs would of themselves command respectful attention.

"Managerial sentences in appealing to public interest has created a furore by the skilful adaptation of novelty. The rising curtain discloses the painted representation of a church. An unseen singer accompanied by an unseen organ is heard in 'The Holy City.' By the use of gauze 'drops' and cleverly arranged lights, the interior of the church, the organ and the organist, also supplied, were disclosed, as if the audience had gradually acquired vision to pierce stone walls. As the song ceased the scene melted away, and again nothing

was visible but the sombre church exterior. This pretty piece of stage artifice apparently made a distinct impression and has evidently served its purpose of creating comment."

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Frank Jones is rapidly regaining her health.

Parker W. Whittemore and wife are to reside in Boston.

Frank Robbins passed Tuesday in Boston on business.

Miss Theresa Sherry of Dover, is visiting relatives in this city.

Frank Spichtig is restricted to his rooms at the Rockingham, by illness.

W. F. Hunt, formerly wine clerk at the Rockingham, has been in town for a few days.

The Subway Whist club will meet at the home of Harry Woods on Austin street tonight.

Mr. Roy Prime entertained a party of young men at his home on Congress street last evening.

William Mooney, a former resident of this city, now living in Laconia, was in town on Monday.

Ralph E. Gould is making rapid progress toward complete recovery from his recent illness and hopes to be back at his employment before long.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE



It will be for the family when the rooms have been all newly decorated and made attractive and costly by artistic and handsome wall papers. We have a most artistic stock of fine wall papers, Lincolnton, Waltons, friezes, ceiling decorations and tile effects for bath rooms that will make your home a paradise at small cost.

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Check-List Notice.

The Board of Registrars of Voters for the City of Portsmouth hereby give notice that they will be in session at the Common Council Chamber at City Hall in said City on the following dates, viz: February 1st, 5th, 9th, 13th, 16th, 20th, 24th, 27th, March 2d, 5th, 9th, at the following hours: 9 A. M. to 12 M., 2 P. M. to 5 P. M., 7:30 P. M. to 9 P. M., for the purpose of making up and correcting the Check-Lists of the several wards in said City to be used at the City Election to be held on March 13th, 1900.

The said Board will be in session at the same place on March 13th, 1900, from 8 A. M. to 12 M. and 1 P. M. to 4 P. M., for the purpose of granting certificates to those local voters whose names are omitted from the Lists. Voters must bear in mind that it is their personal duty to see that their names are on the Lists by presenting themselves at some meeting of the Board. This clause will be strictly enforced.

LORENZO T. BURNHAM, Chairman.
EDWARD NEWLEY, Clerk.

S. G.

BEST 10c. CIGAR
In The Market.

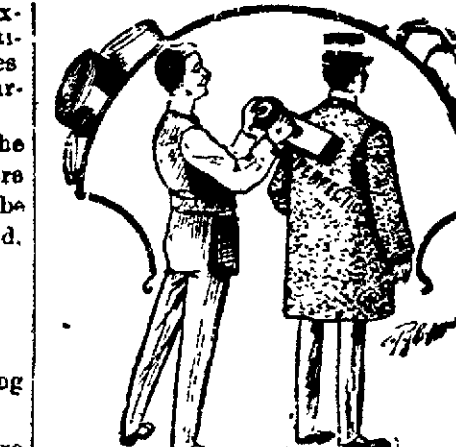
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Pure Havana.

G. E. PENDER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office—113 Pleasant St., Exchange Building
Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 M., 3 P. M. and 7 to 8 P.
Residence—1 Marine St.

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As a man of some importance when the dress is right. Ill-fitting clothing brings little consideration for the man inside. Let us improve your appearance, and, at the same time, your importance. Our

CLOTHING TO ORDER

will do both. Every little detail, anything that will add the style or improve the finish of the ment is carefully considered and nothing neglected. Our garments are perfect in every respect.

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You Know That TAYLOR, THE CONFECTIONER, Makes His Own High Grade CANDIES.

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Tonic, Vanilla, Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Bottles of Elderberry and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

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A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general. Every endeavor will be made to fill all orders promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

C. E. Boynton

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